



DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN



HALFF ASSOCIATES, INC.
13620 Briarwick Drive, Suite 100
Austin, Texas 78729
August 2022



August 5, 2022 AVO 41938

Ms. Patricia Davis, M.S.C.E., P.E. City Engineer City of Pflugerville P.O. Box 589 Pflugerville, Texas 78691

RE: City of Pflugerville Drainage Master Plan including Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study Report

Dear Ms. Davis:

Halff Associates, Inc. presents the <u>City of Pflugerville Drainage Master Plan</u> including the <u>Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study</u> report. This report presents a prioritized drainage CIP project list and operation and maintenance items for the City of Pflugerville to adopt that will aid in reducing flooding throughout the city. Also included is Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study performed by NewGen Strategies and Solutions, LLC for the City to consider implementing as a funding source for operating and maintaining drainage infrastructure around the city and funding the drainage CIP projects.

It has been a privilege for Halff Associates, Inc. to prepare this important document for the City of Pflugerville. Halff and NewGen are especially appreciative of the cooperation of the members of the City Staff who assisted in developing this report

We are pleased to continue assisting the City of Pflugerville. Do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions or comments regarding future implementation of this plan.

Sincerely,

PAUL A. MORALES

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C/CENSED CHAPTON ON ALL ENGINE CONTROL CONTROL

Paul Morales, P.E., CFM, CPESC Project Advisor Halff Associates, Inc.

MARK LEWIS

136393

CONSERVATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

Mark Lewis, P.E., CFM Project Manager Halff Associates, Inc.

Table of Contents

List of Tables	ii
List of Figures	ii
List of Exhibits	ii
List of Appendix	ii
List of Acronyms and Abbreviations	iii
1.0 Introduction	1
2.0 Data Collection	3
2.1 Public Outreach – Virtual Meeting	4
2.2 Riverine Watershed Studies	4
2.3 Pfield Reconnaissance	4
3.0 Drainage Problem Identification	5
3.1 Gilleland Creek Watershed Study Update	5
3.1.1 Hydrology	5
3.1.2 Hydraulics	7
3.2 Local 2D Rapid Assessment	8
3.2.1 2D Hydrologic Methodology	9
3.2.2 2D Hydraulic Methodology	9
3.2.3 2D Model Results	10
3.3 Flood Problem Areas	10
4.0 Drainage Solutions	12
4.1 Conceptual Mitigation Solutions	12
4.2 Opinion of Probable Cost Estimates	12
4.3 Ranking	13
4.4 Other Considerations	14
5.0 Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study	15





List of Tables

Table 2-1: Data Collection	3
Table 3-1: City of Pflugerville Atlas 14 Rainfall Depths	6
Table 3-2: Gilleland Creek Hydrological Peak Flow Comparison	7
Table 3-3: 2D Rapid Assessment Manning's n-values	10
Table 4-1: Drainage CIP Project Ranking	13
Table 4-2: Operation and Maintenance Projects	14
List of Figures	
Figure 3-1: 2D Study Area	8

List of Exhibits

Exhibit 1: Overview Map

Exhibit 2: Gilleland Creek Hydrologic Map

Exhibit 3: Gilleland Creek Hydraulic Map

Exhibit 4: 2D Rapid Assessment Results Map

Exhibit 5: Flood Problem Area Map

Exhibit 6: Drainage CIP Project Location Map

List of Appendix

Appendix A: Virtual Public Meeting Responses

Appendix B: Drainage CIP Project Summary Sheets

Appendix C: Drainage CIP Project Ranking

Appendix D: Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study





List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

ACE Annual Chance of Exceedance

CIP Capital Improvement Plan

City of Pflugerville

DEM Digital Elevation Model
DMP Drainage Master Plan

FEMA Federal Emergency Management Agency

GIS Geographic Information System

H&H Hydrologic and Hydraulic

HEC Hydrologic Engineering Center
HMS Hydrologic Modeling System
LiDAR Light Detection and Ranging

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

RAS River Analysis System
USGS US Geological Survey





1.0 Introduction

The City of Pflugerville (City) has experienced significant growth and development over the last 12 years. Pflugerville's population has grown from 46,936 to approximately 73,000, a 57% increase during that span. As a result of this population boom and expected continued growth, development and urbanization have greatly increased, thus changing what was once undeveloped open space, into a developed urbanized condition. This rapid growth is largely attributed to Pflugerville bordering other fast-growing cities like Austin to the south and Round Rock to the north. With urbanization comes an increased risk of flooding from streams, channels and storm drainage systems, presenting hazards to residents and the general public.

In addition to urbanization the city is experiencing, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) recently released a new rainfall study in September 2018, NOAA Atlas 14 which was adopted into the City's drainage criteria in 2021. This new rainfall data includes an additional 20 years of rainfall data not accounted for in the previous rainfall study conducted by USGS in 2004. Generally, rainfall totals are higher using NOAA Atlas 14 versus the older USGS rainfall data. An increase in rainfall equates to more runoff volume, increased flood elevations, and wider floodplains.

Considering the rise in population and changes to rainfall data, Pflugerville is taking proactive measures to effectively manage stormwater infrastructure. The City selected Halff Associates, Inc. (Halff) to prepare the City of Pflugerville Drainage Master Plan (DMP).

The purpose and goal of the Drainage Master Plan is to:

- 1) Conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the existing drainage conditions throughout the City to develop an accurate and current understanding of the drainage infrastructure,
- 2) Develop conceptual engineering solutions to mitigate flooding risk by developing a drainage Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), and
- 3) Provide a drainage utility fee feasibility study for the City to consider as a funding source to implement the drainage CIP projects.

This assessment includes compiling a comprehensive inventory of existing data, performing hydrologic and hydraulic watershed model simulations, identifying flooding problem areas, and developing flood mitigation solutions. The results of this assessment will include recommendations for a city-wide drainage utility fee structure.





The Pflugerville Drainage Master Plan is a planning level document for the City of Pflugerville to aid in the development of drainage improvements for the city. Designing and building these projects are dependent on funding and available resources. As these projects advance, design elements and cost estimates will change.





2.0 DATA COLLECTION

Halff obtained and reviewed data from a variety of sources to provide information for an comprehensive understanding of flooding issues throughout the City. **Table 2-1** below provides all relevant data and their respective sources.

Table 2-1: Data Collection

Data	Source	Notes	
GIS data	Various	Various	
Terrain	TNRIS	2012 & 2017	
Soils	NRCS	SSURGO data	
FEMA Floodplain	FEMA	Travis County Effective 1/22/20; Williamson County Effective 12/20/19	
Nixle Messages	City of Pflugerville	Road closure messages due to flooding	
Gilleland Creek Watershed Study	City of Austin	Hydrology – August 2008 Hydraulics – June 2009	
Kelly Ln Phase II Plans	City of Pflugerville	January 2021	
Village on Legacy Subdivision Plans	City of Pflugerville	February 2017	
E. Pfennig Ln and E Pecan St Improvements	City of Pflugerville	March 2020	
Weiss Ln Improvements	City of Pflugerville	January 2017	
Pecan St East Improvements	City of Pflugerville	September 2007	

GIS data included storm drain networks, water and wastewater networks, terrain (LiDAR) data, land use/zoning, FEMA floodplains, political boundaries, development and subdivisions, aerials, and parcel information.

Halff also collected and considered current City of Pflugerville Master plans including:

- 2030 Comprehensive Plan
- Parks and Open Space Master Plan
- Trails Master Plan & Parks Development
- Transportation Master Plan
- Water Master Plan
- Wastewater Master Plan





In addition to the above-mentioned data, other items were used in development of the Drainage Master Plan, including feedback from a virtual public meeting, the recently completed Wilbarger Creek watershed study, Gilleland Creek watershed study, and field reconnaissance.

2.1 Public Outreach - Virtual Meeting

A virtual public meeting was conducted from April 21 to May 21, 2021. This virtual meeting provided information to the City of Pflugerville residents about the Drainage Master Plan and Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study. Residents navigated through several boards to learn about a drainage master plan and Pflugerville's efforts to help mitigate flooding throughout the city. Residents also had the opportunity to provide feedback in the form of two (2) surveys. The surveys asked residents to share details about flooding and their opinion on a drainage utility fee. Results from these surveys were compiled and used as input for the Drainage Master Plan. **Appendix A** provides the survey questionnaires and responses from citizens.

2.2 Riverine Watershed Studies

The City of Pflugerville participated in Bastrop County's Texas Water Development Board Flood Protection Planning grant study for Wilbarger Creek. This study conducted hydrologic, hydraulic, and mitigation analyses for the Wilbarger Creek watershed using NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data. As one of two major watersheds within the City of Pflugerville, the Wilbarger Creek Watershed Study provided the best available data, including existing conditions and proposed mitigation projects, for use in this Drainage Master Plan.

The 2008 FEMA effective Gilleland Creek Watershed Study H&H models were leveraged as part the DMP. As part of the Drainage Master Plan, these models were updated to account for the newer Atlas 14 rainfall data, updated 2017 LiDAR terrain data, and development within the watershed since the original study. Further discussion on updating this watershed study is included below.

2.3 Pfield Reconnaissance

Halff conducted site visits to the identified flood problem areas with available access from public right-of-way (ROW) and to verify bridge measurements for the Northeast Metro Park Road where it crosses Gilleland Creek. For each visit, existing conditions including conveyance restrictions, erosion, and maintenance were observed and documented. The viability and constraints for mitigation solutions were also evaluated.





3.0 Drainage Problem Identification

To identify drainage problems, two (2) hydraulic analyses were conducted; 1) updating the Gilleland Creek watershed study with NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data and 2) developing a 2D hydraulic rapid assessment model of Pflugerville's urban core area to better understand local drainage patterns.

3.1 Gilleland Creek Watershed Study Update

Halff leveraged the FEMA effective 2008 Gilleland Creek Watershed Study prepared for the City of Austin to identify riverine flood risk. The limits for this update include the mainstem of Gilleland Creek, Gilleland Creek Tributary 2, and Gilleland Creek Tributary 3 upstream of the confluence of Gilleland Creek mainstem and Gilleland Creek Tributary 2.

3.1.1 Hydrology

The FEMA Effective hydrologic model, prepared as part of the 2008 Gilleland Creek Watershed Study, was used as the base model to develop hydrologic updates for Gilleland Creek. The 2008 Gilleland Creek study utilized the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) Hydrologic Engineering Center — Hydrologic Modeling System (HEC-HMS) version 3.0.1 software for the hydrologic model. For this Gilleland Creek hydrologic update, HEC-HMS version 4.3 was used.

Rainfall Data

This study updated the 2008 Gilleland Creek rainfall data with NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data. Atlas 14 Rainfall Depths were obtained from the City of Pflugerville Engineering Design Manual - November 2014 Edition (revised in 2019). The rainfall depths are summarized in **Table 3-1**.





Table 3-1: City of Pflugerville Atlas 14 Rainfall Depths

Frequency-Depth-Duration (Inches)							
Duration	2-yr (50% ACE)	5-yr (20% ACE)	10-yr (10% ACE)	25-yr (4% ACE)	50-yr (2% ACE)	100-yr (1% ACE)	500-yr (0.2% ACE)
5 min	0.52	0.66	0.77	0.94	1.08	1.23	1.59
15 min	1.05	1.31	1.54	1.88	2.15	2.44	3.16
1 hr	1.94	2.43	2.86	3.49	4.00	4.55	6.03
2 hr	2.38	3.04	3.65	4.55	5.32	6.16	8.52
3 hr	2.64	3.41	4.15	5.25	6.20	7.27	10.28
6 hr	3.09	4.05	4.98	6.40	7.63	9.04	13.07
12 hr	3.55	4.67	5.75	7.40	8.84	10.49	15.31
24 hr	4.03	5.31	6.53	8.38	9.98	11.82	17.22

Hydrologic Parameters

The time of concentration and impervious cover were updated to reflect current land use and zoning. No other changes were made to hydrologic parameters such as subbasin delineations, curve numbers, or routing reaches.

Hydrologic Results

Peak flows were determined for 2-, 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, and 100-year storm events (50%, 20%, 10%, 4%, 2%, and 1% annual chance exceedance (ACE) respectively) for this updated hydrologic analysis. The 500-year storm event hydrologic model failed to run because routing reaches from the effective FEMA model were not extended which this effort was not part of the drainage master plan scope. However, this drainage master plan focused on the 100-year storm event to comply with City of Pflugerville drainage criteria.

Table 3-2 summarizes the effective FEMA 100-and 500-year peak flows that are based on USGS rainfall and the 100-year peak flows based on Atlas 14 rainfall at major road crossings and study stream confluences. The location of the HMS nodes and subbasins are shown in **Exhibit 2**. At all locations, the Atlas 14 100-year peak flows are greater than the USGS 100-year peak flows and close to or even higher than the USGS 500-year peak flows.





Table 3-2: Gilleland Creek Hydrological Peak Flow Comparison

			Peak Flows (cfs)		
HMS Node Name	Location	FEMA Effective Atlas 14		Atlas 14	
		100-yr	500-yr	100-yr	
	Gilleland Creek				
J40	I-35	1390	1850	2160	
J50_T3-60	Confluence with Gilleland Creek Trib 3	3460	4380	4580	
SpringBrook 2	Springbrook Regional Pond 2	2420	4180	4100	
SpringBrook 3	Picadilly Dr/Springbrook Regional Pond 3	3160	5220	4710	
J160_200	Grand Ave Pkwy	6220	8410	8730	
J300	N Heatherwilde Blvd	9240	13000	12600	
J350	Swenson Farms Blvd	10200	14500	13700	
J430	N Railroad Ave	11500	16500	15500	
J480	Dessau Rd	12100	17300	16200	
J660_670	Cameron Rd	13400	19100	18300	
J770_T2-460	Confluence with Gilleland Creek Trib 2	17800	25800	24600	
Gilleland Creek Tributary 2					
JT2-420_430	Harris Branch Pkwy	10000	14700	12000	
JT2-140	Immanuel Rd	5820	8100	7000	
Gilleland Creek Tributary 3					
JT3-50	IH-35	1580	2010	1900	

3.1.2 Hydraulics

The FEMA effective hydraulic models for the upper Gilleland Creek, Gilleland Creek Tributary 2, and Gilleland Creek Tributary 3 were utilized. The hydraulic models used the USACE Hydrologic Engineering Center – River Analysis System (HEC-RAS) version 5.0.7 computer program.

Cross Section Revisions

As part of this Gilleland Creek watershed study update, cross section geometries were not updated. The only change to the cross section layout was to account for the newly constructed Northeast Metro Park Road bridge where it crosses Gilleland Creek. These new cross sections





were cut with 2012 terrain data, and the structure information was based on field reconnaissance conducted in June 2021.

Hydraulic Results

The 100-year floodplain was generated using the HEC-RAS model results. The floodplain extents, stream centerlines, and hydraulic cross sections are displayed in **Exhibit 3.**

3.2 Local 2D Rapid Assessment

An existing conditions 2D rapid assessment was conducted to identify local drainage patterns and problems areas. The assessment focused on overland flow for the 25-year and 100-year Atlas 14 storm events and did not incorporate storm drains into the analysis. HEC-RAS version 5.0.7 was utilized for the 2D rapid assessment.

The fully 2D hydraulic model focused on the City's urban core. The 2D area included Gilleland Creek from North Heatherwilde Boulevard to Dessau Road and two unnamed tributaries to Gilleland Creek. The central unnamed tributary runs from behind Pflugerville High School along a drainage channel that flows through residential areas and outfalls at Dessau Road. The southern unnamed tributary flows from Antique Heritage Drive through residential areas and outfalls at East Wells Branch Parkway. **Figure 3-1** shows the extents of the 2D hydraulic model.

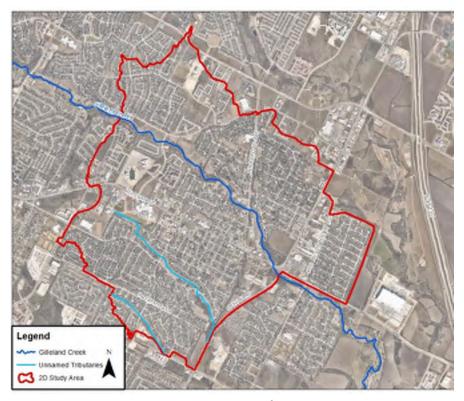


Figure 3-1: 2D Study Area





3.2.1 2D Hydrologic Methodology

Gilleland Creek and the unnamed drainage channel just upstream of East Black Locust Drive were modeled with inflow hydrographs accounting for the cumulative drainage upstream of the 2D study area. Inflow hydrographs were taken from the Gilleland Creek HEC-HMS model updated with Atlas 14 rainfall as part of the Pflugerville Drainage Master Plan. The unnamed tributaries within the 2D zone are for localized runoff and therefore no hydrographs are needed to model the flow through the study area.

The 2D study area was modeled with direct rainfall onto the 2D surface that allows excess runoff within the project area to flow on the terrain surface. Rainfall was applied uniformly across the 2D study area extents. Normal depth boundary conditions were placed at the downstream ends of Gilleland Creek and the unnamed tributaries. The normal depth slopes were based on the slope of the channel at the boundary of the 2D area. Additional normal depth boundary conditions were placed wherever there was enough flow to leave the system. These normal depth slopes were based on the terrain's slope away from the 2D area at each location.

3.2.2 2D Hydraulic Methodology

2D Surface

The 2D surface or mesh was developed using 2017 LiDAR data. Inputs for the 2D surface are described below:

- Maximum/Minimum Triangle Areas The standard triangle area set for the 2D surface
 was 95 square feet. Each mesh cell was assigned an elevation from the 2017 LiDAR and
 a Manning's n roughness value based on the land use and potential depth of flows.
 Break lines were placed on Gilleland Creek and the two unnamed tributaries and a
 minimum area of 40 square feet was enforced to ensure greater detail where there are
 topological changes of significance.
- Roughness Zones A roughness zone shapefile was created in GIS and imported into HEC-RAS. Manning's n-values were set using the Gilleland Creek landuse shapefile and supplemented with recent studies Halff has conducted in the area. The n-values utilized can be found in Table 3-3. A higher n-value on a cell represents high roughness conditions and is correlated with less flow entering or leaving that cell. Homes and structures (Building Footprints in Table 3-3) were simulated using a higher n-value instead of using voids.





Table 3-3: 2D Rapid Assessment Manning's n-values

Land Use	Manning's n- value
ROW	0.03
Channel	0.045
Crops	0.06
Developed Open Space and Parks	0.07
Development and Residential	0.12
Building Footprints	5

Break lines – Break lines were added to better define the 2D surface within HEC-RAS
RASMapper. Break lines are placed on features to represent where conveyance does or
does not occur. Breaklines were added to represent the top of road, large drainage
ditches, culvert inlets and outlets, and creek flowlines. Break lines were also placed on
berms where ponding can occur.

3.2.3 2D Model Results

The existing 25-year and 100-year Atlas 14 inundation depths, extents, and flow directions were calculated and compared to observations recorded by residents in the surveys and from the City of Pflugerville Nixle message system. The 25-year and 100-year results are shown on **Exhibit 4**.

The water surface elevations and flood extents of the existing 25-year and 100-year frequency events were compared to the location of neighborhood homes and other pertinent locations. There were eight (8) areas identified with lot or street flooding. These areas were used to help locate the flooding "hot spots."

3.3 Flood Problem Areas

Halff reviewed all relevant data including the Wilbarger Creek Watershed Study, the Gilleland Creek Watershed Study Atlas 14 Update, 2D hydraulic rapid assessment, Nixle road closure messages due to flooding, Pflugerville resident feedback from the Drainage Master Plan virtual public meeting, and input provided by City of Pflugerville staff. All these data points were mapped, and point clusters were identified as flood problem area "hot spots." These "hot spots" included:

- Local flooding: street and subdivision flooding
- Riverine flooding: road overtopping and building flooding





In total, approximately 30 flood problem area "hot spots" around the City of Pflugerville were identified. The "hot spots' are shown on **Exhibit 5**.





4.0 Drainage Solutions

Nine (9) flood problem areas throughout the City of Pflugerville were developed into drainage Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) projects. Two (2) mitigation projects identified in the Wilbarger Creek Watershed Study were also included as drainage CIP projects. **Table 4-1** provides a list of all the drainage CIP projects and **Exhibit 6** shows the location for each drainage CIP project. For each project a one-page project summary sheet was prepared with a project description, benefits and challenges, figure showing the project area, opinion of probable cost estimates, and a project score. Project summary sheets are provided in **Appendix B**.

Additionally, three (3) operation and maintenance (O&M) projects were identified. These O&M projects include reviewing the City's drainage criteria, performing CCTV of existing storm drains, and developing a creek maintenance plan. **Table 4-2** provides a list of the O&M projects. A summary sheet like the drainage CIP projects was prepared for the O&M projects, including an opinion of probable cost estimate but no project score was assigned. Project summary sheets are provided in **Appendix B**.

4.1 Conceptual Mitigation Solutions

Conceptual mitigation solutions were developed to provide the City with cost estimating, ranking, and prioritization for the drainage CIP projects. Hydrologic and hydraulic (H&H) models from the Wilbarger Creek Watershed Study and the Gilleland Creek Watershed Study Atlas 14 Update were utilized to develop the conceptual mitigation solutions. Additional H&H models were developed to analyze drainage CIP projects not affected by riverine flooding.

Mitigation solutions vary as each type of drainage CIP project varies. Mitigation solutions for inundated roadways were developed to increase the level of service of the roadway to meet the City's criteria where possible. Mitigation solutions for inundated structures were developed to either remove structures from the 100-year floodplain or reduce the number of structures inundated if not able to remove from 100-year floodplain. Mitigation solutions are provided in the project description on each project summary sheet.

4.2 Opinion of Probable Cost Estimates

An opinion of probable cost was prepared for each of the identified drainage CIP projects and O&M projects. Local and regional TxDOT average bid unit costs provided a basis for estimating unit costs. A 30% contingency was applied to the project subtotal to account for uncertainties in the conceptual design development. Anticipated engineering design and environmental permitting costs were added as a percentage of the base total. The total project costs are shown on each project summary sheet and detailed cost estimates are provided in **Appendix B**.





4.3 Ranking

After development of conceptual mitigation solutions and associated opinion of probable cost estimates, each drainage CIP project was scored and subsequently ranked, not including the O&M projects. To score each project, a scoring matrix with categories was established and agreed upon by City of Pflugerville staff. The scoring matrix includes four (4) major categories including Public Safety, Economic, Project Timing, and Social with each major category assigned a weighting factor. Each category was then broken into subcategories and a weighting factor was assigned to each subcategory. Projects are scored between 0 – 3 for each subcategory and then multiplied by the weighting factor to produce a subcategory score. The subcategory scores are then added together for the total project score. The highest possible project score is 100. **Table 4-1** shows the total project score for each of the eleven projects and ranks them from highest to lowest. The scoring matrix is provided in **Appendix C** and each project score is included in the respective project summary sheets.

Table 4-1: Drainage CIP Project Ranking

Ranking	Project ID	Project Name	Project Score
1	GC-05	Immanuel Road/Pecan Park at Upper Gilleland Creek	81.7
2	WC-01	Weiss Lane at Wilbarger Creek	76.7
3	GC-01	Caldwell Elementary at Upper Gilleland Creek	75.0
4	WC-02	Hidden Lake Drive at Wilbarger Creek Tributary 200	74.0
5	GC-06	Pfennig Lane/East Pecan Street Intersection	73.3
6	WC-03	Vilamoura Street and Kelly Lane at Wilbarger Tributary 200	71.0
7	GC-03	Swenson Farms at Upper Gilleland Creek	70.0
8	GC-02	North Heatherwilde at Upper Gilleland Creek	66.7
8	GC-04	Railroad Avenue at Upper Gilleland Creek	66.7
10	WC-05	FM 685/East Pflugerville Pkwy at Wilbarger Creek Tributary 200	59.3
11	WC-04	Kennemer Drive at Wilbarger Creek Tributary 200	56.3





Table 4-2: Operation and Maintenance Projects

Project ID	Project Name
Pf-01	Drainage Criteria Update
Pf-02	Creek Maintenance Plan
Pf-03	Storm Drain CCTV Evaluation

4.4 Other Considerations

<u>Technical Drainage/Water Resources Reviewer</u> - Aside from the drainage CIP projects, it is recommended for the City of Pflugerville to hire a technical drainage/water resources reviewer as a member of its staff. Currently, the City does not have available internal staff to adequately perform quality control engineering analyses without relying on third party consultants. A technical drainage/water resources reviewer can provide in-house expertise and can also provide an at-will service for city staff and council.

<u>Project Manager</u> – In addition to a technical reviewer, it is recommended for the City of Pflugerville to hire a new project manager as a member of its staff. After adoption of the DMP the current city staff will not have capacity to manage the drainage CIP projects. A new project manager will focus on constructing the drainage CIP projects and ensure operation and maintenance of the City's drainage infrastructure is executed.





5.0 Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study

Establishing a drainage or stormwater utility is a viable strategy for local governments to respond to the challenge of generating reliable revenue to support stormwater management activities. Setting up a drainage utility allows a community to establish a user fee based on the demands property owners place on the drainage system. A stormwater utility provides the means to fund and maintain the large stormwater capital improvements identified in this DMP report and fund ongoing operation and maintenance operations related to drainage.

NewGen Strategies, a sub-consultant to Halff, was tasked with conducting a feasibility study to implement a drainage utility for the City of Pflugerville. The report prepared by NewGen Strategies entitled "Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study" serves as a companion report to the DMP and is provided in **Appendix D**.

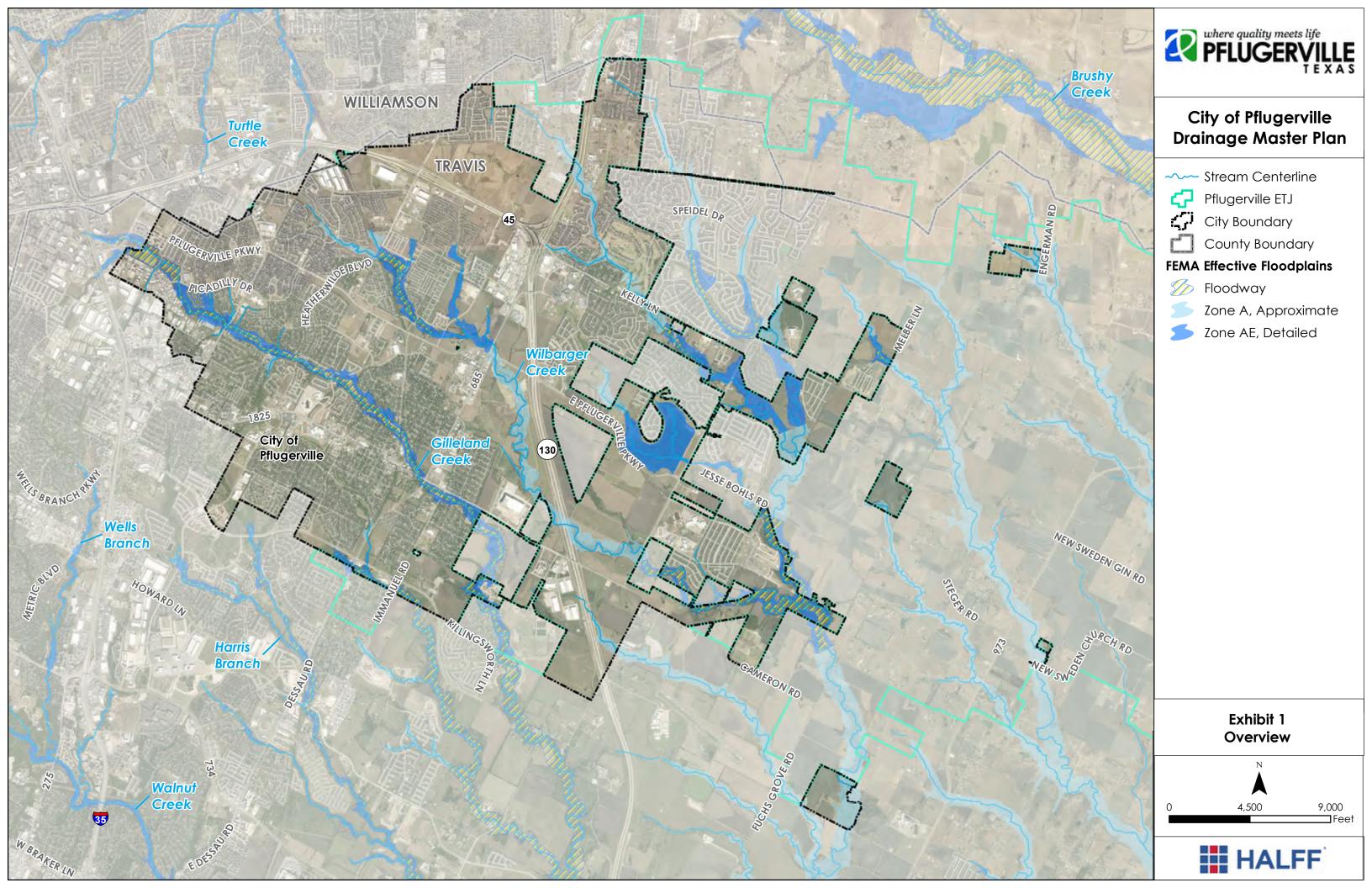


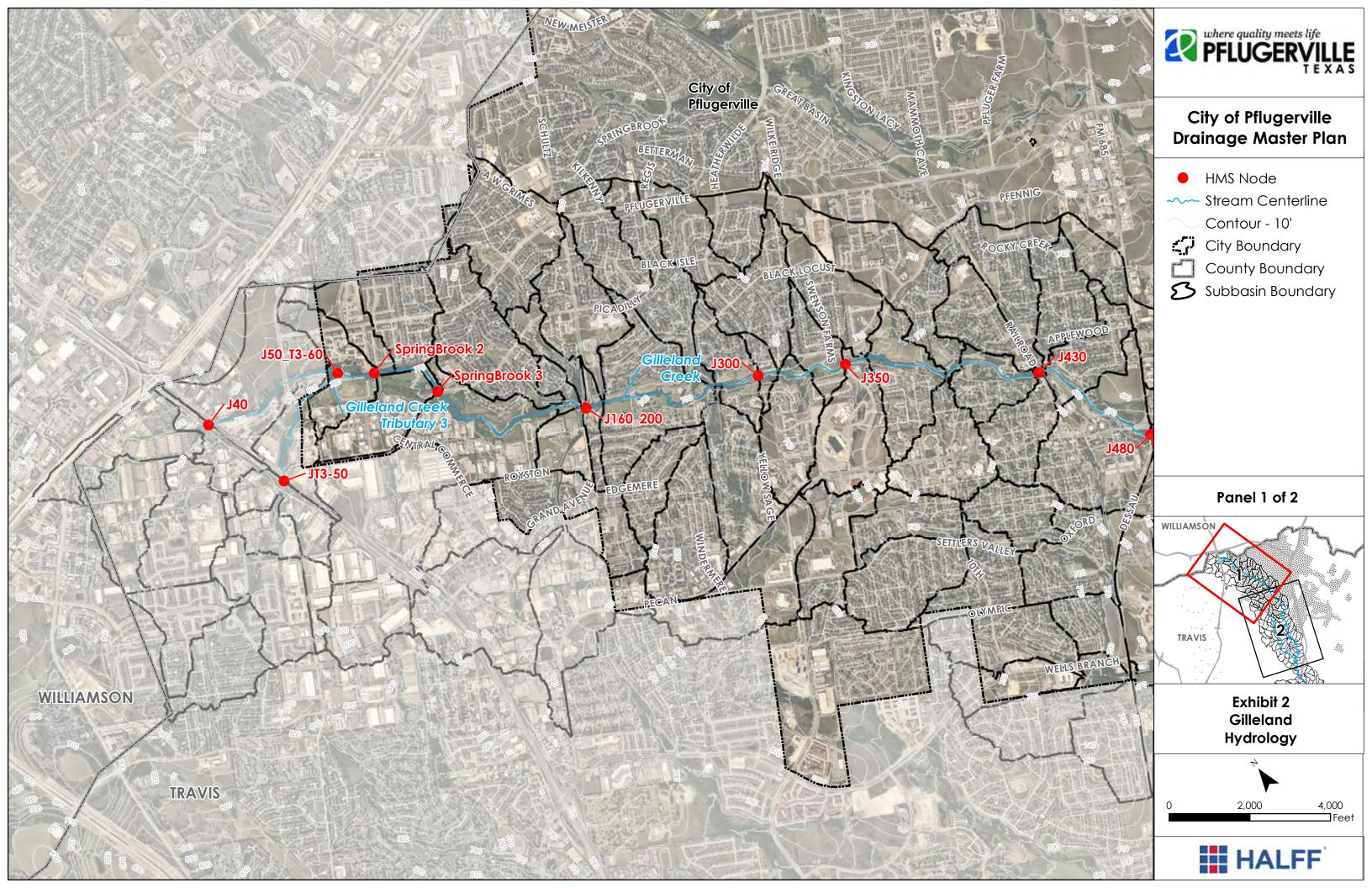


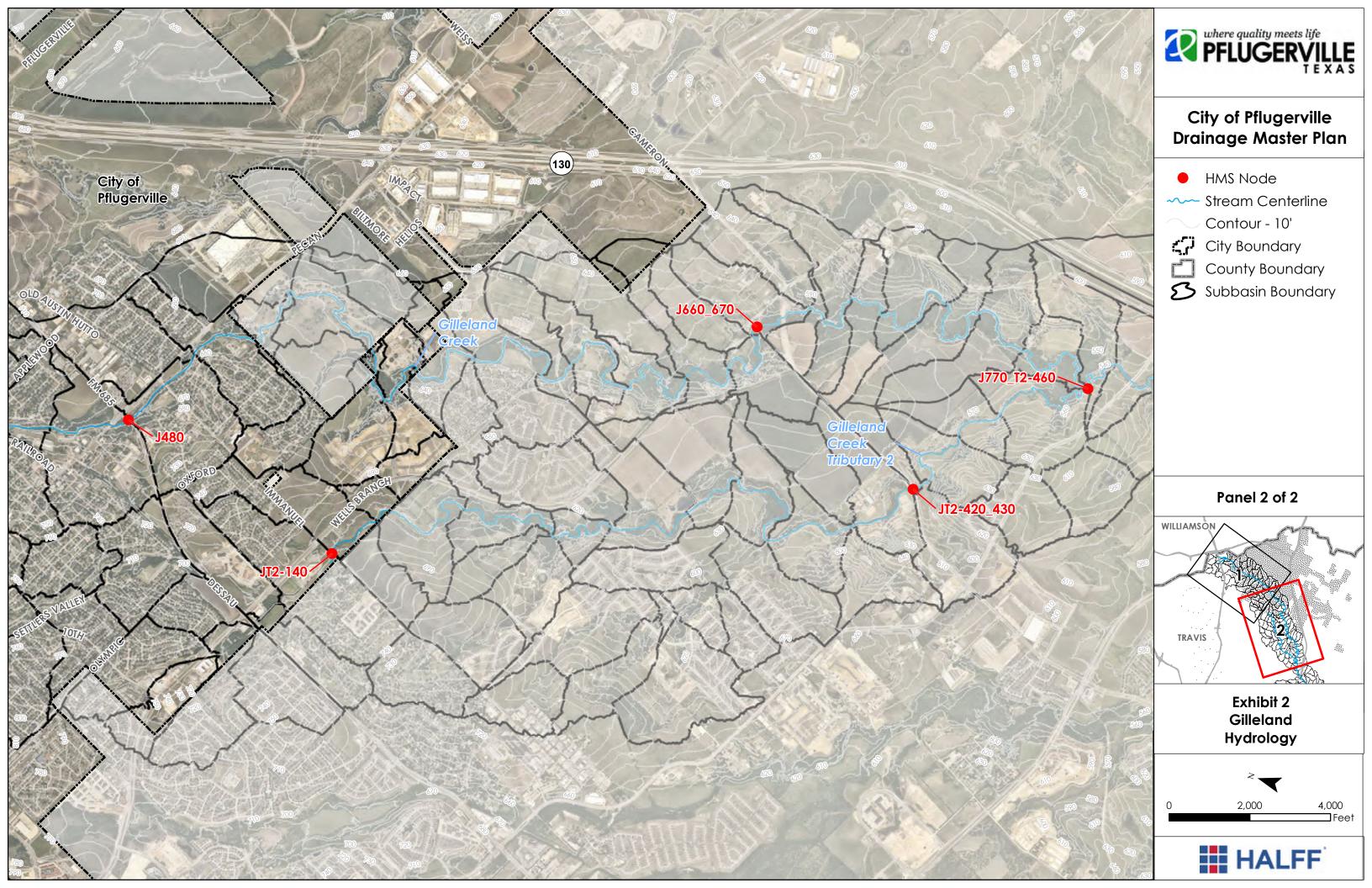
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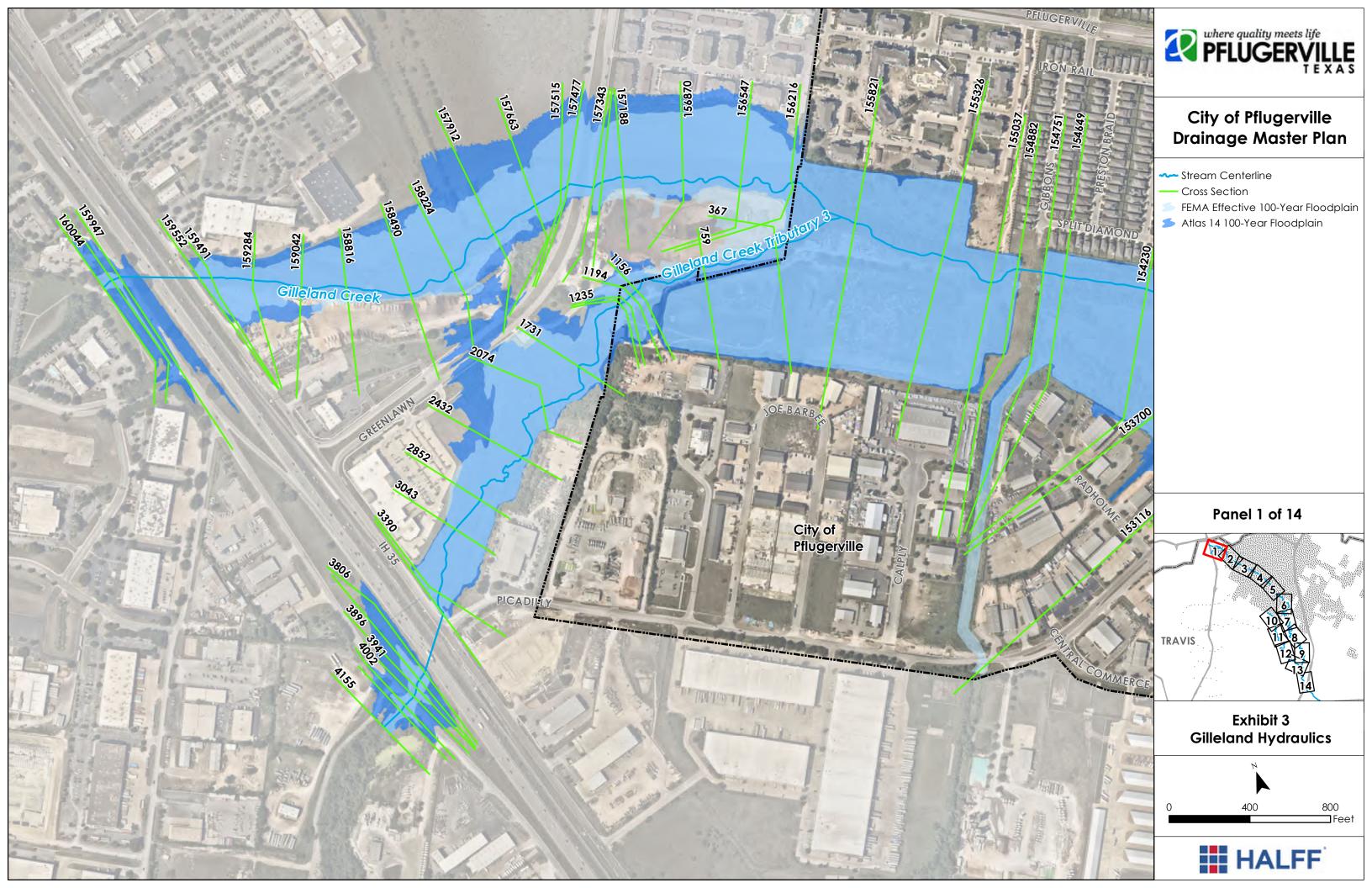


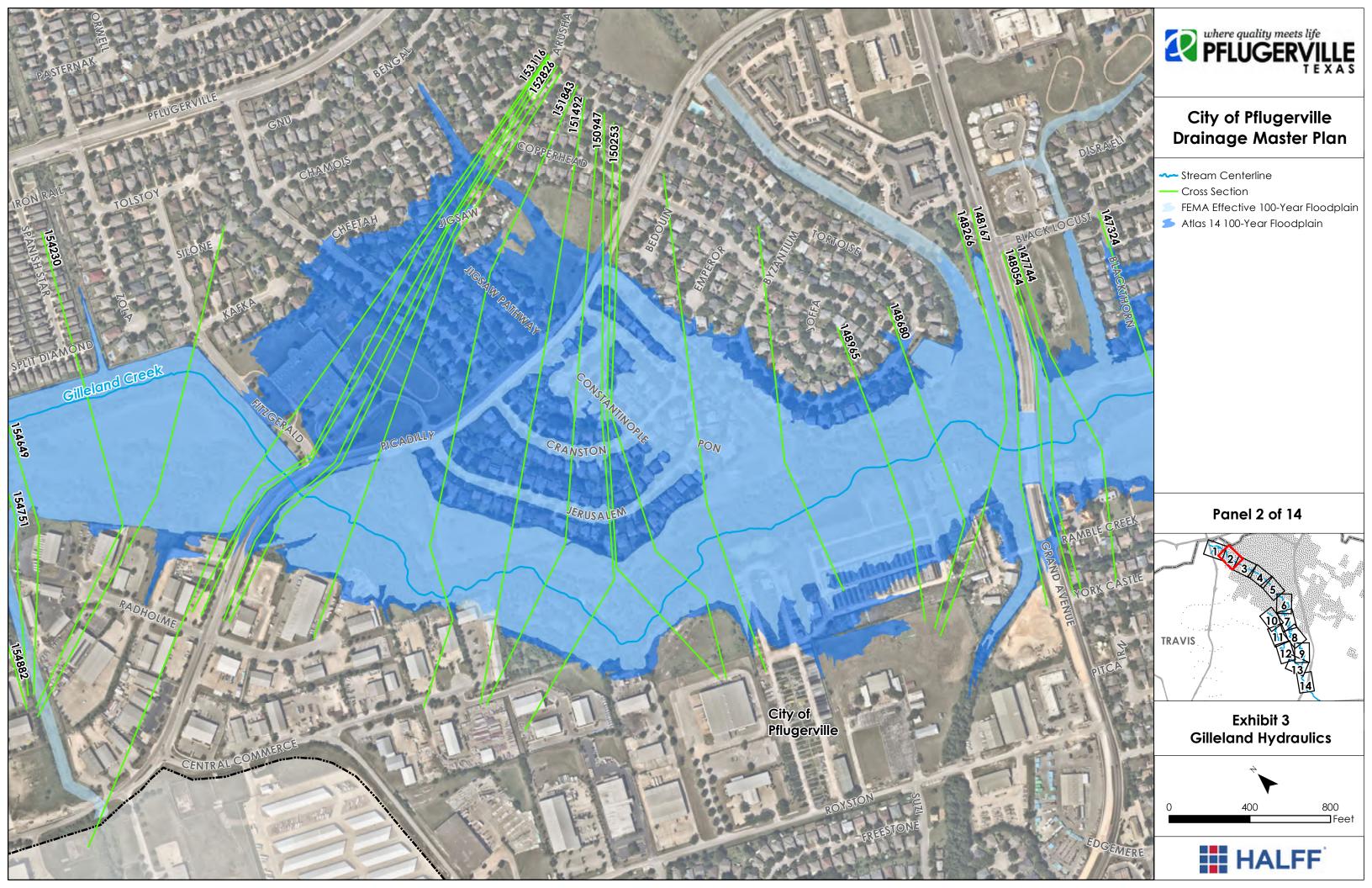


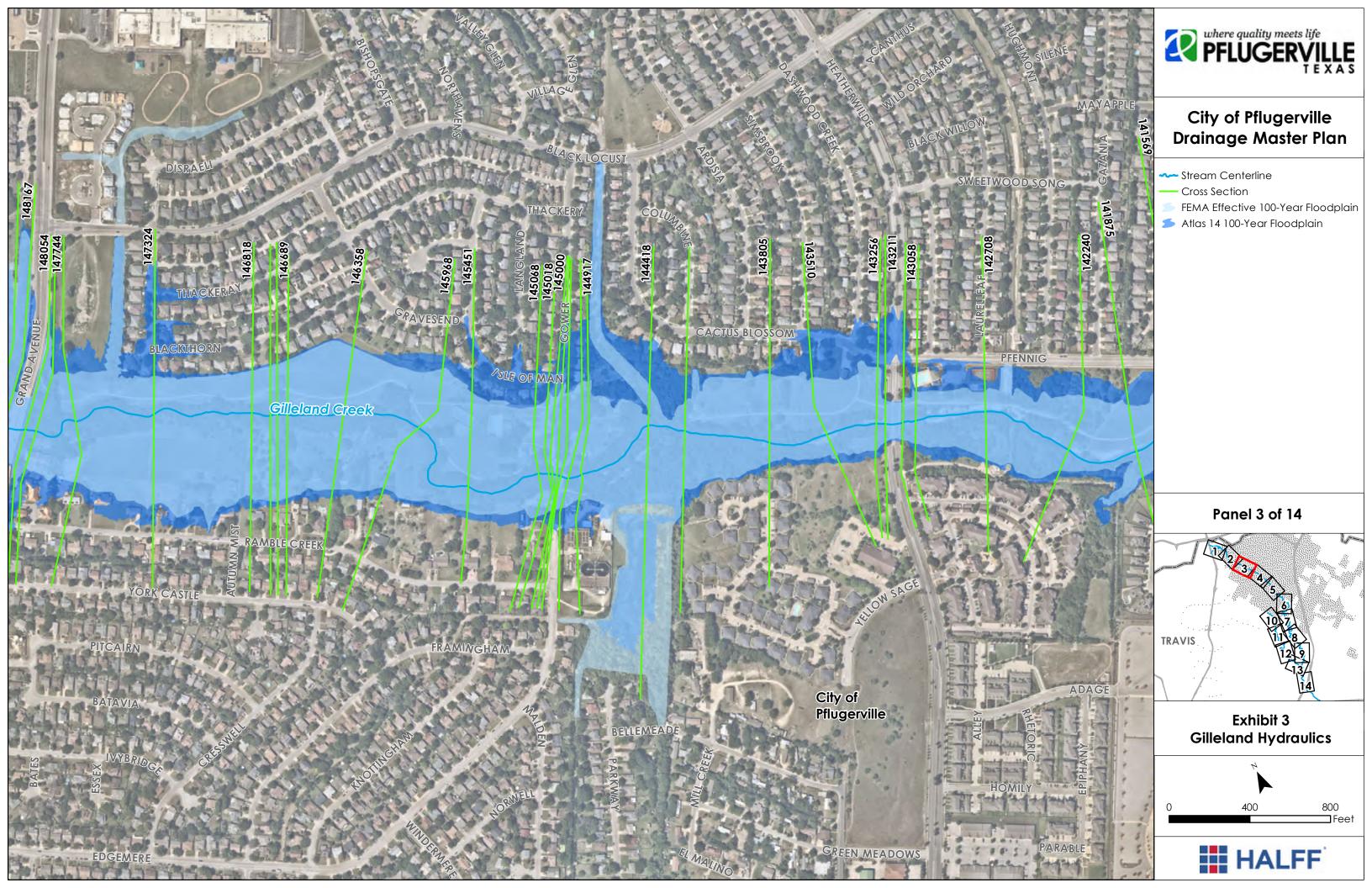


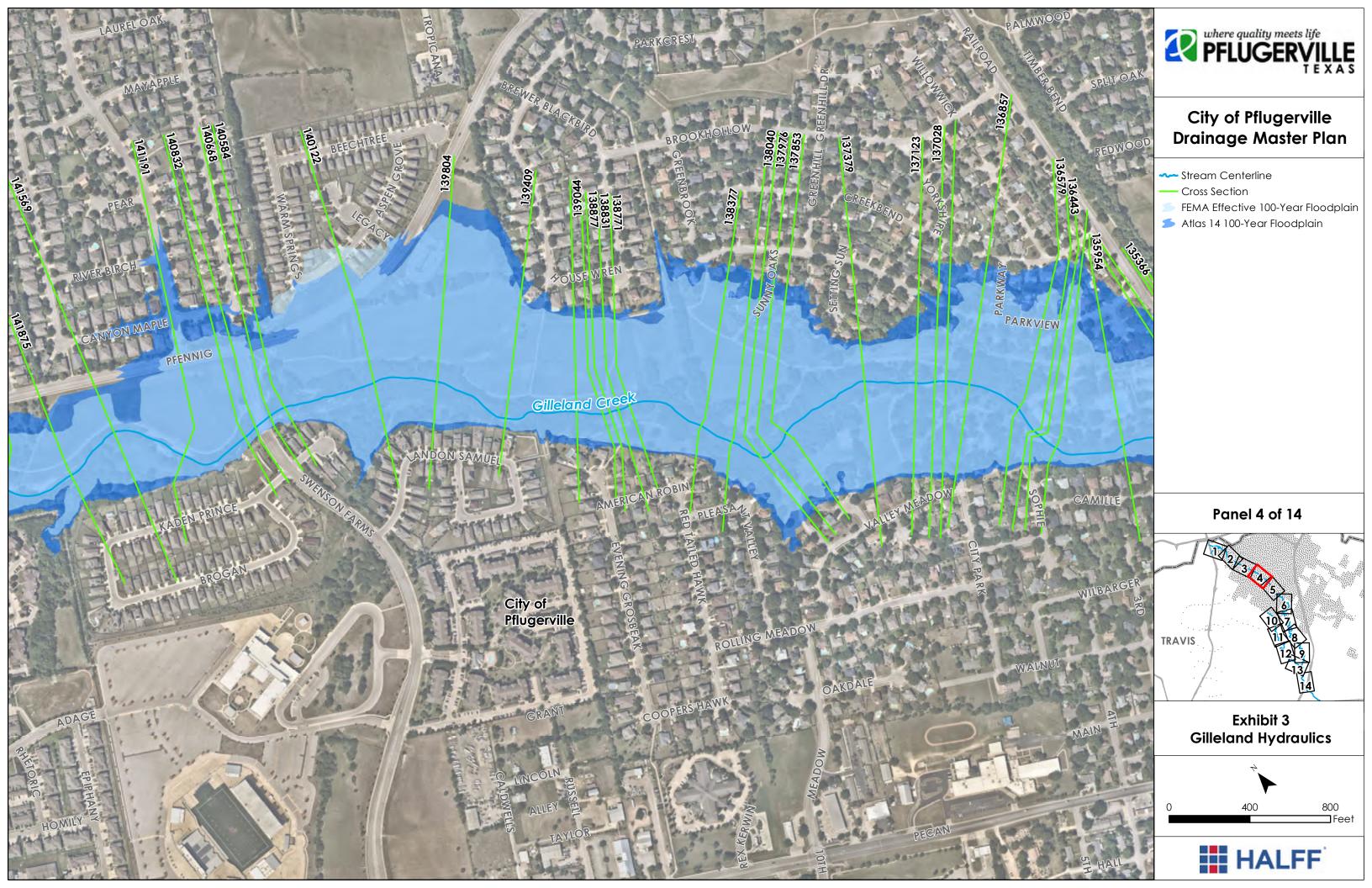


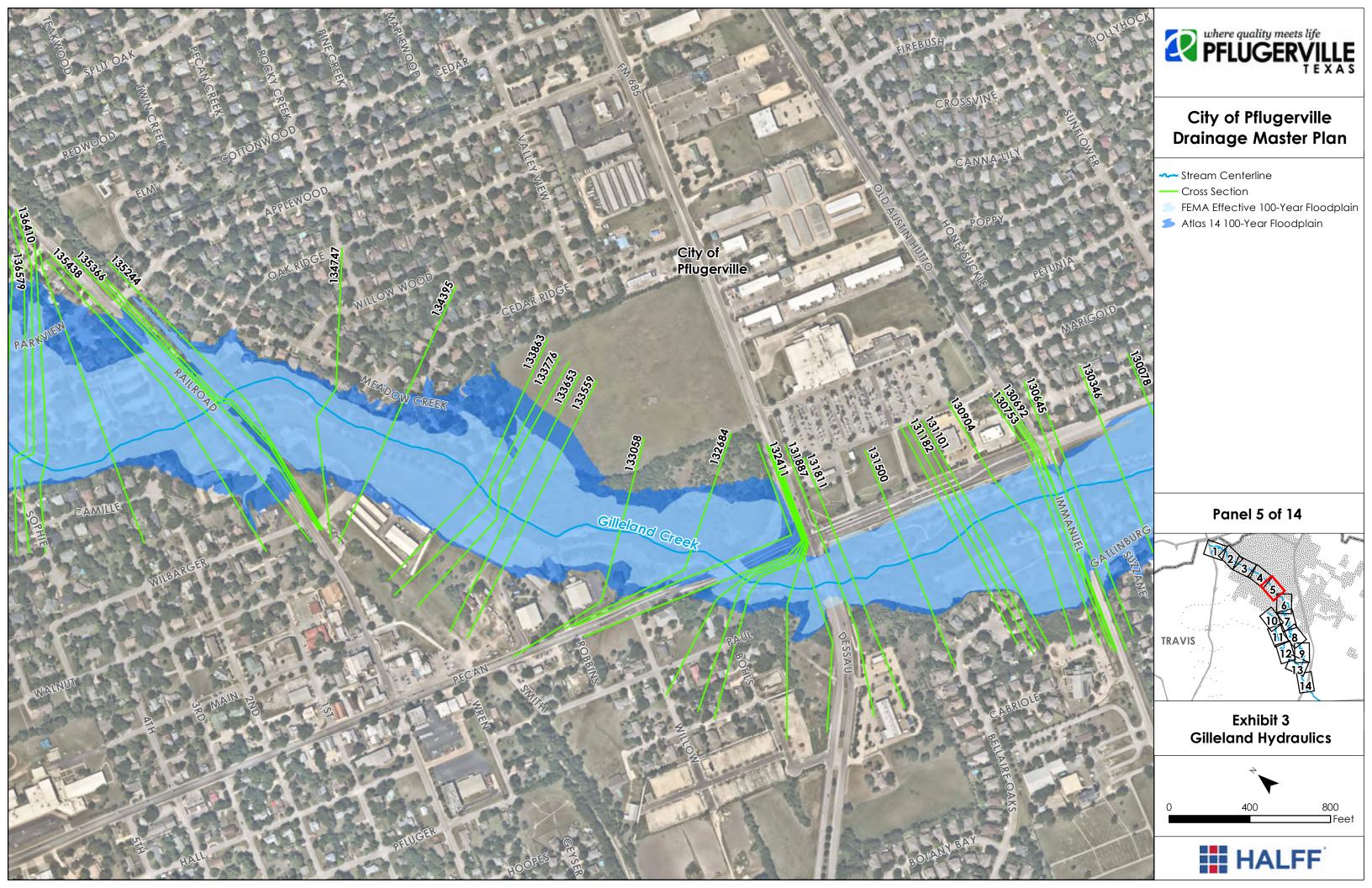


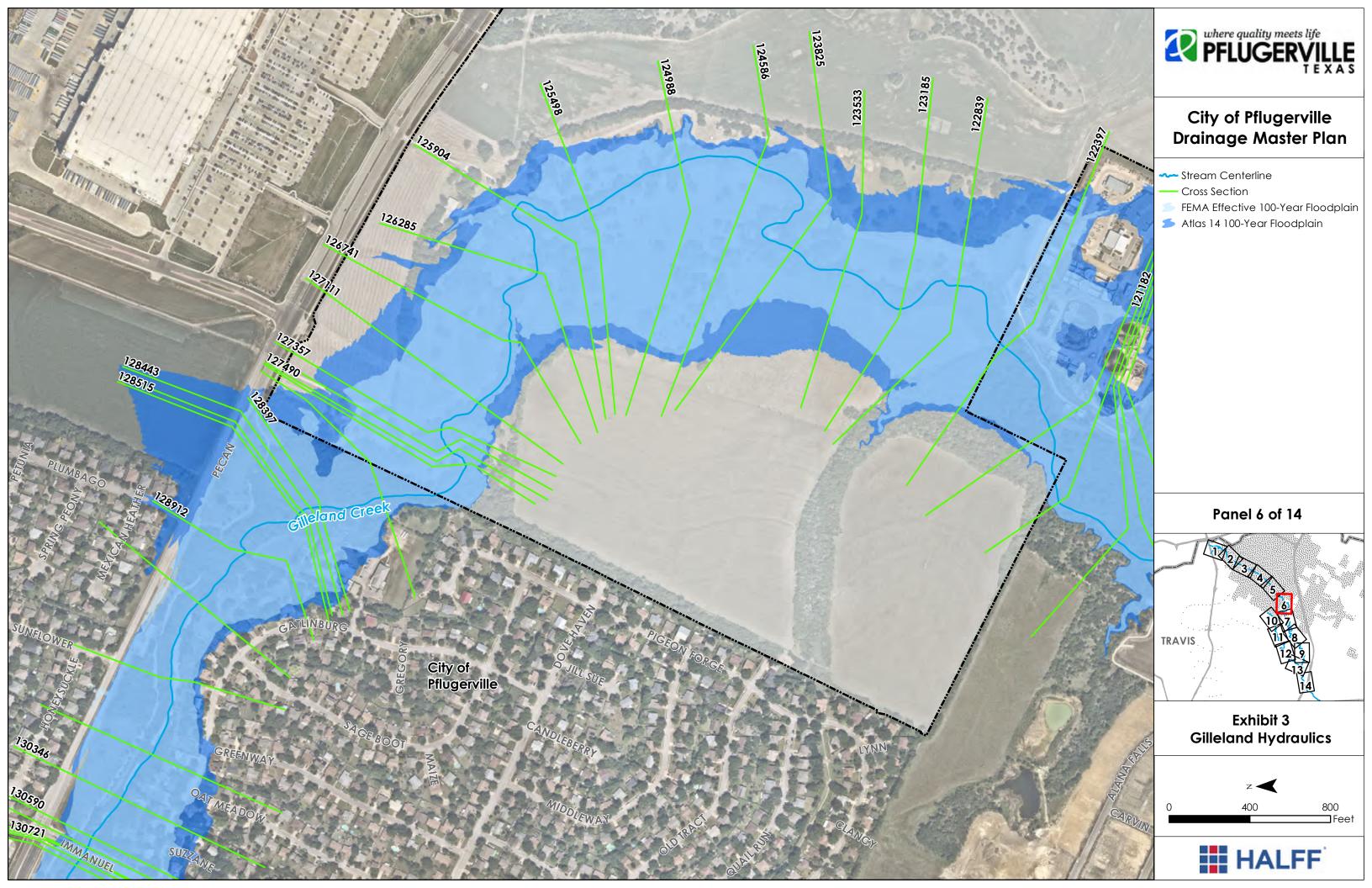


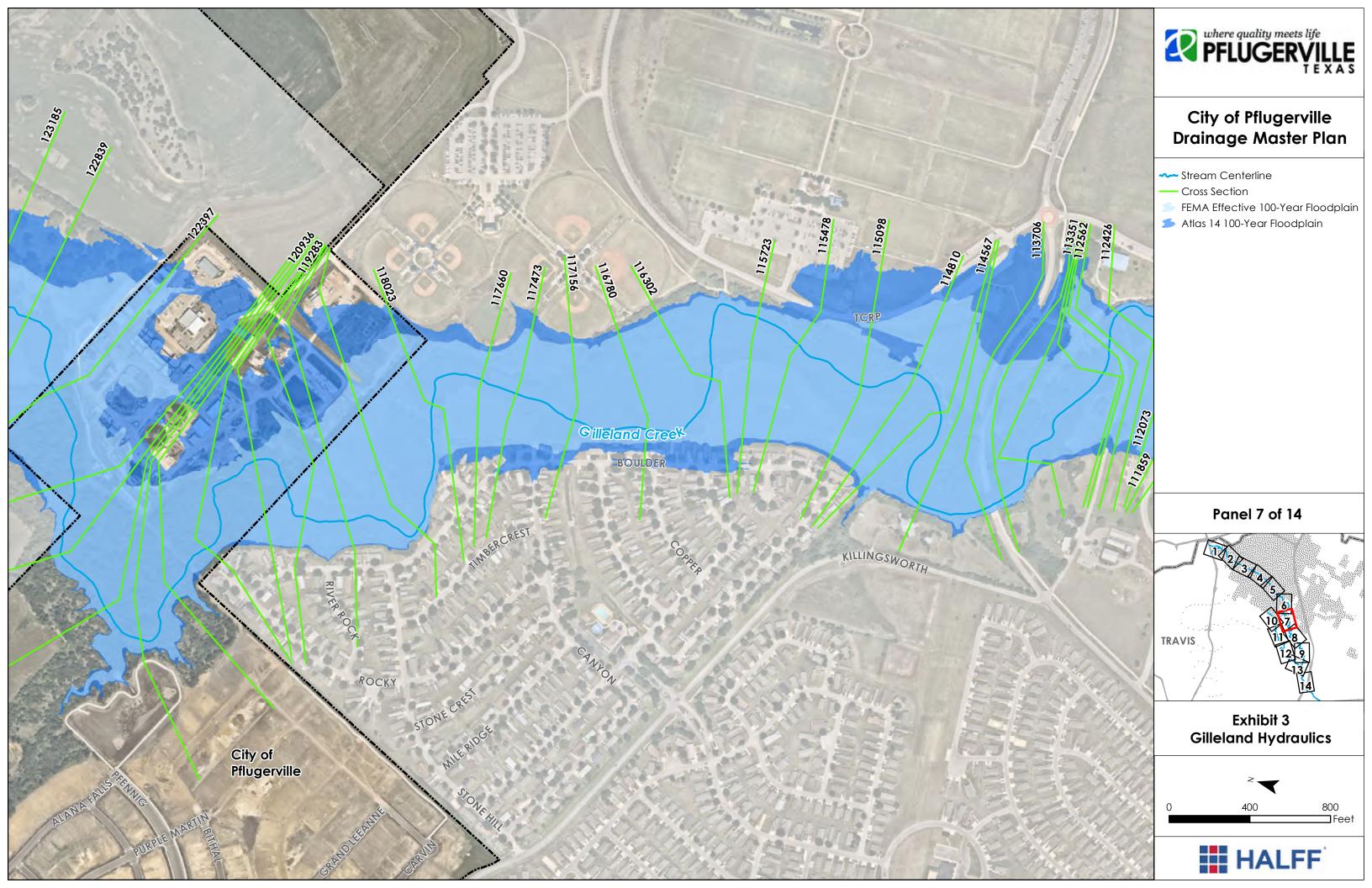


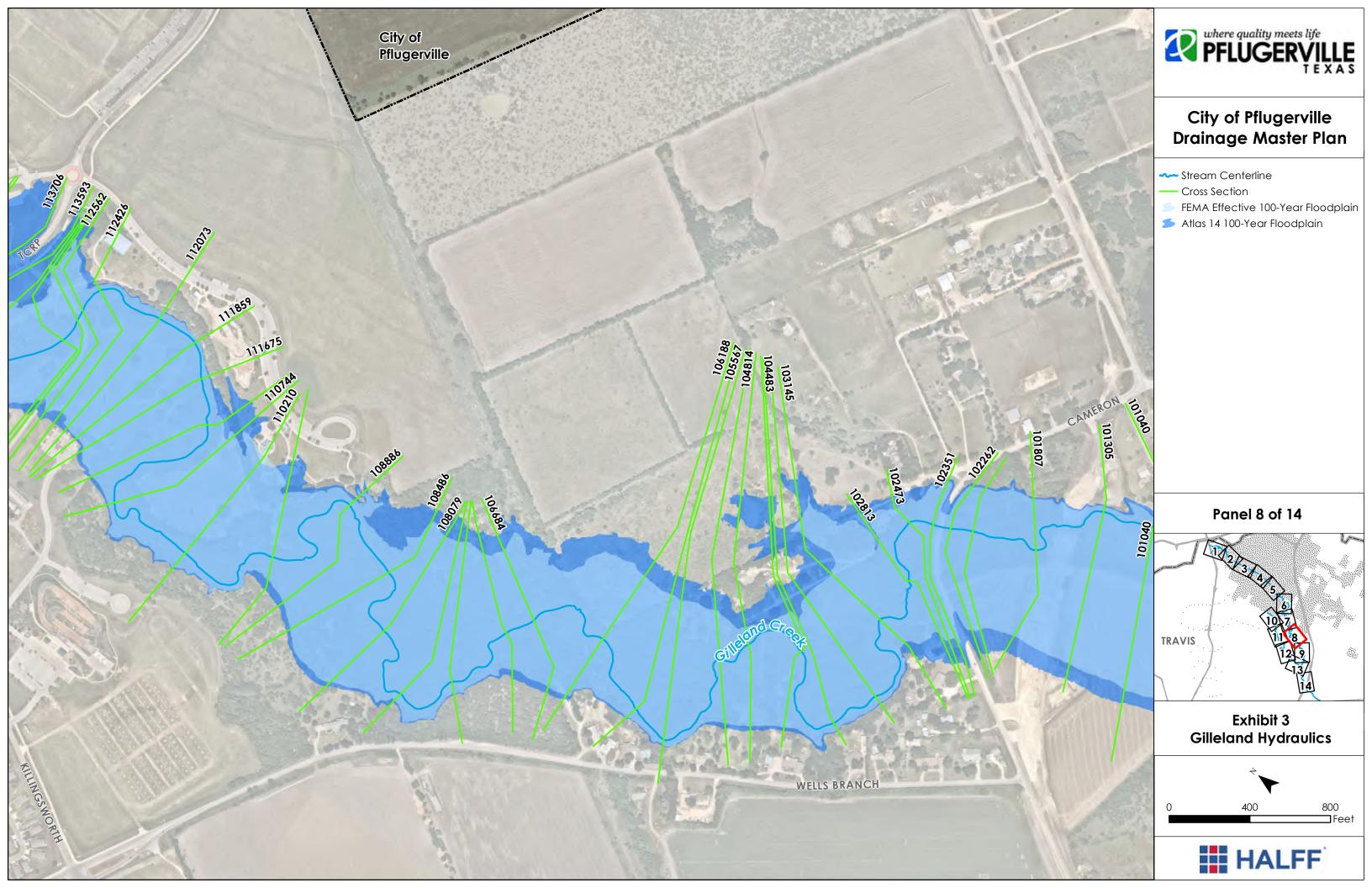


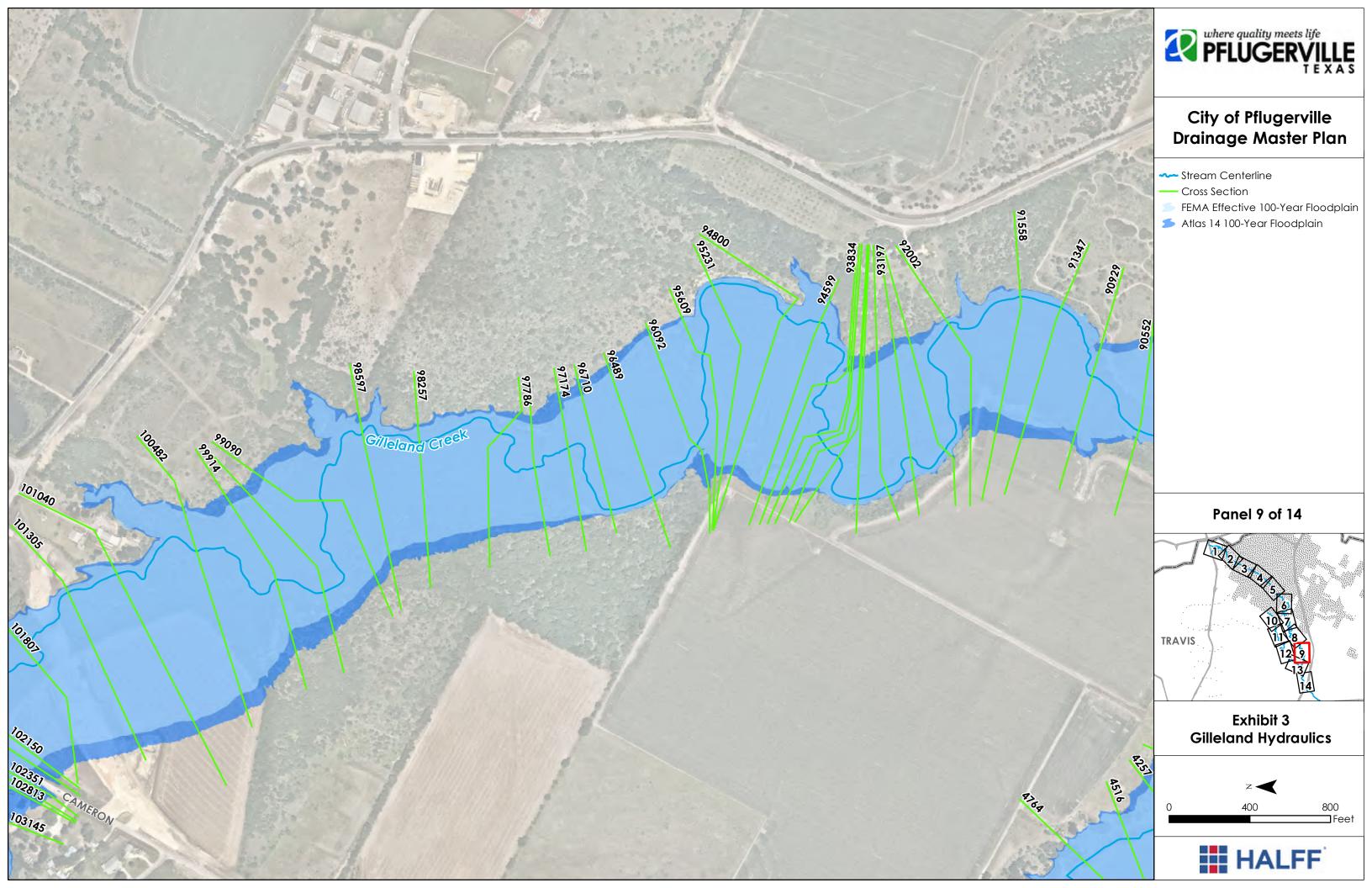


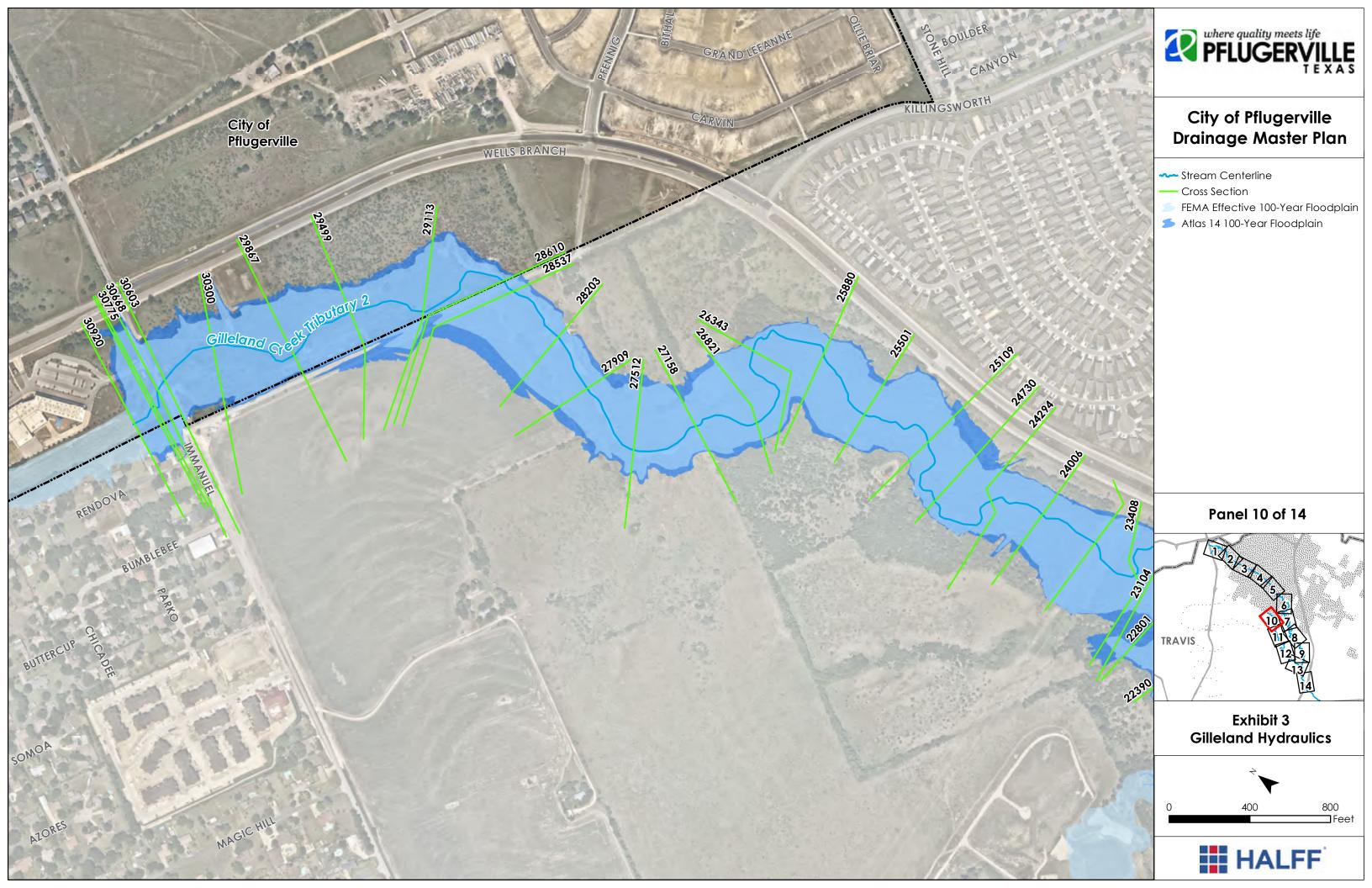


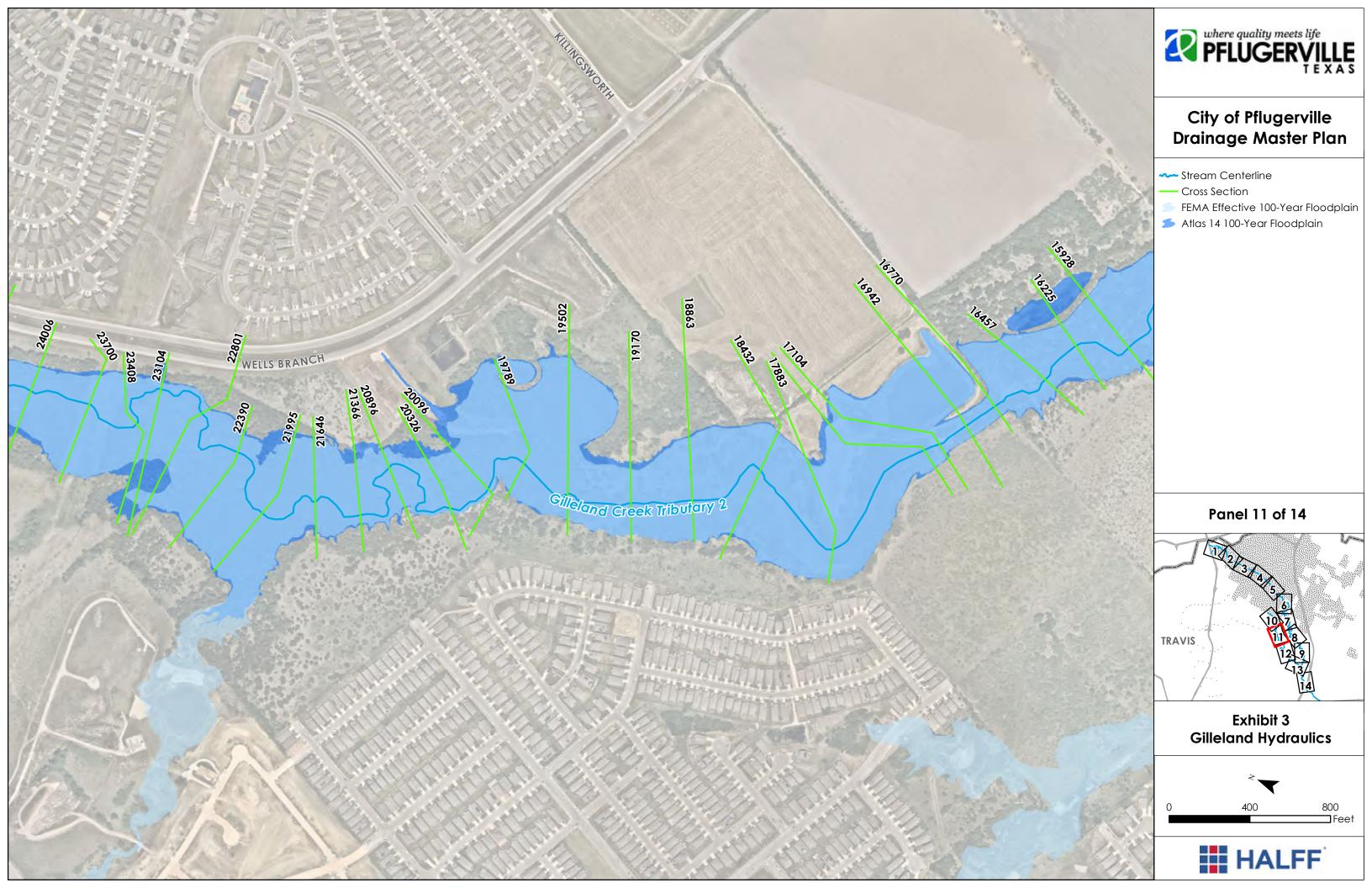


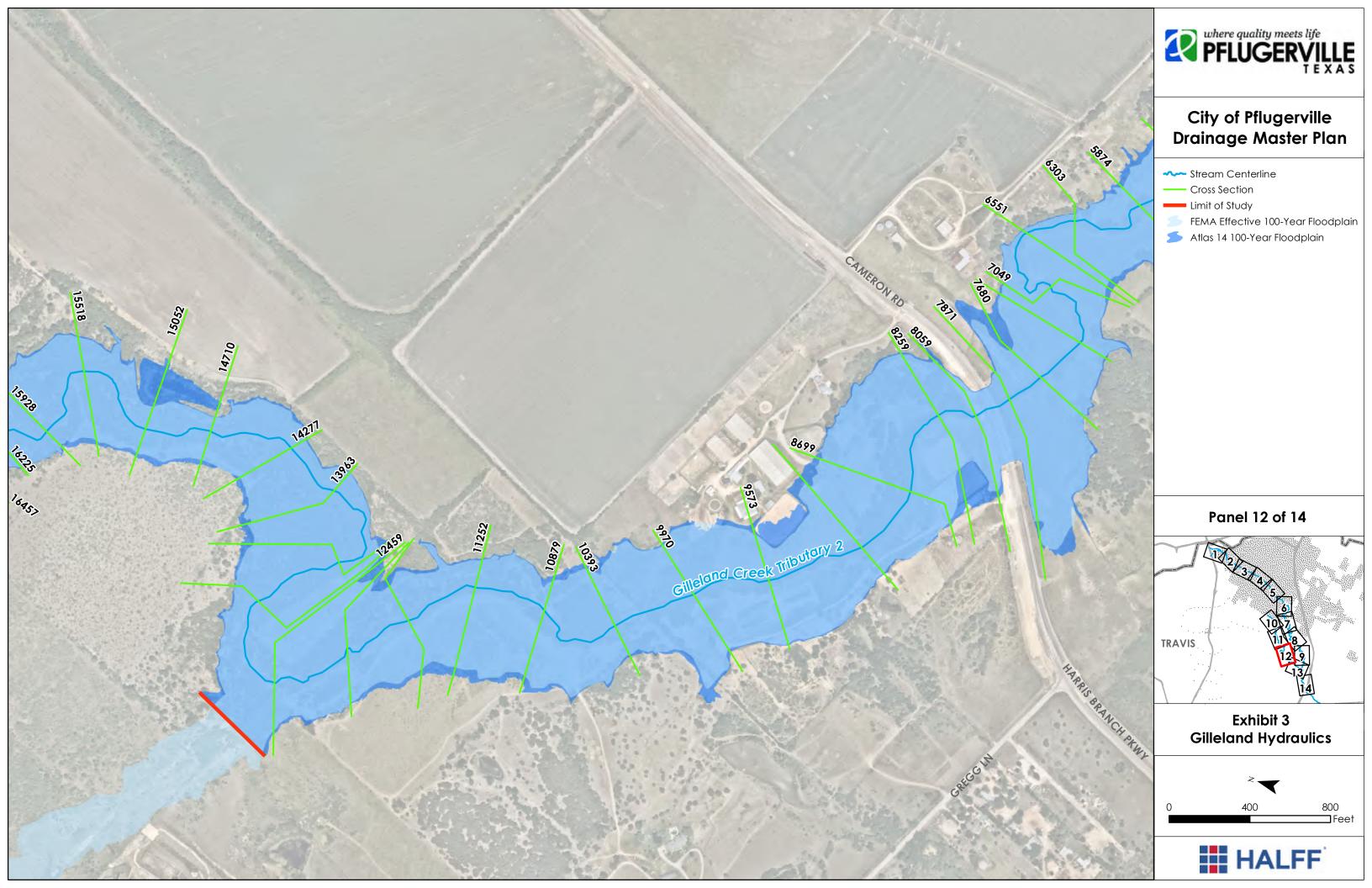


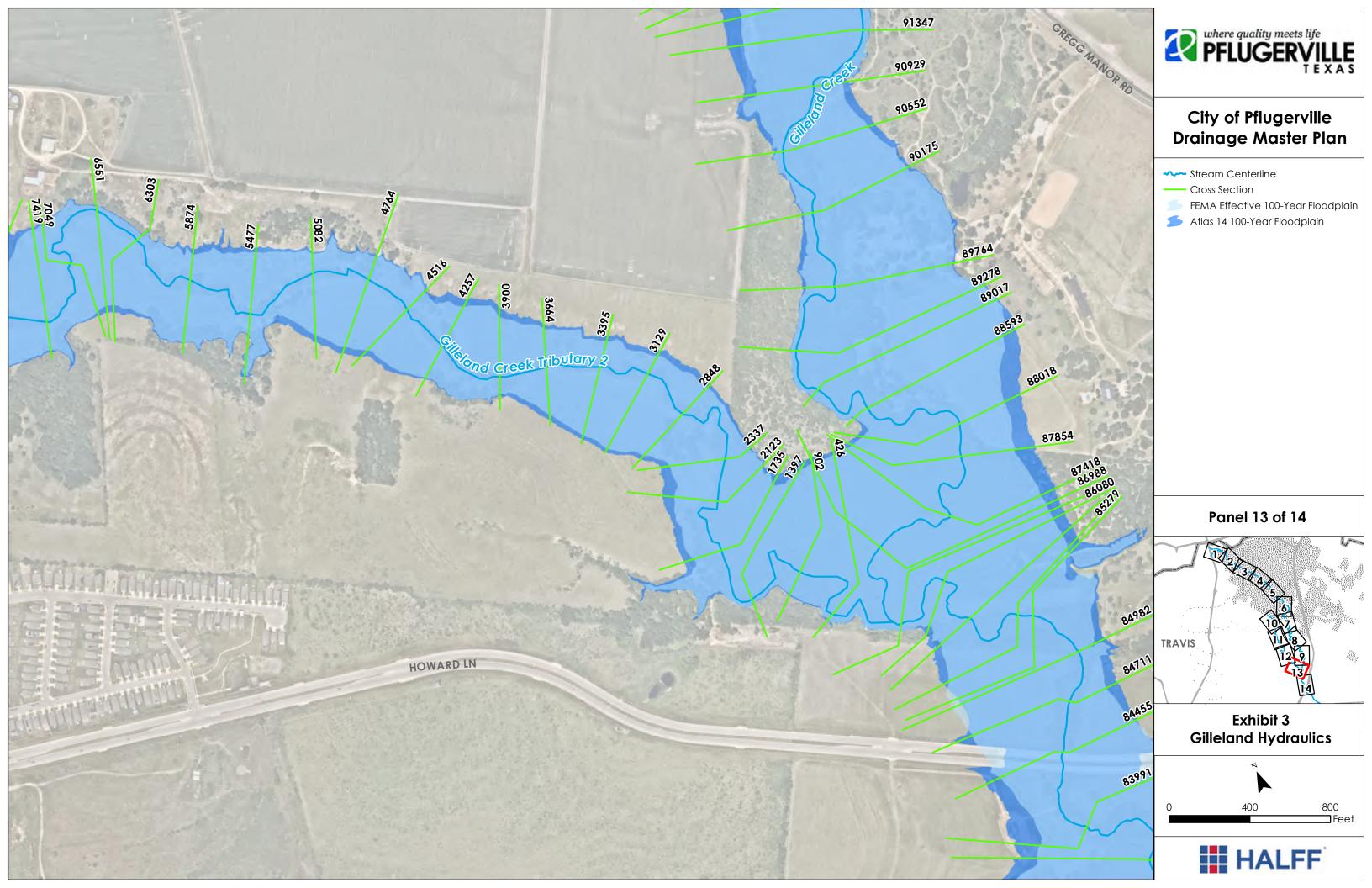


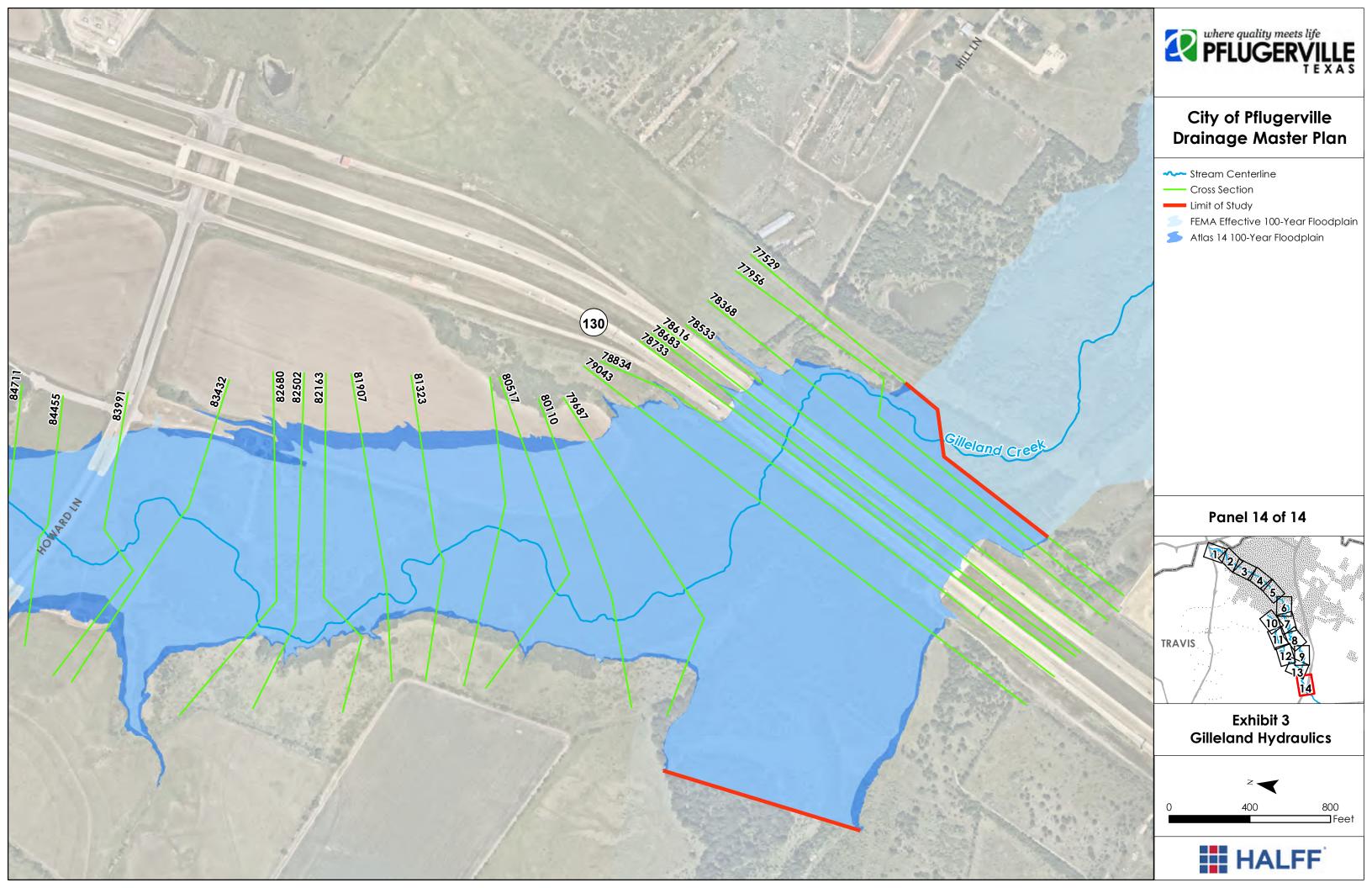


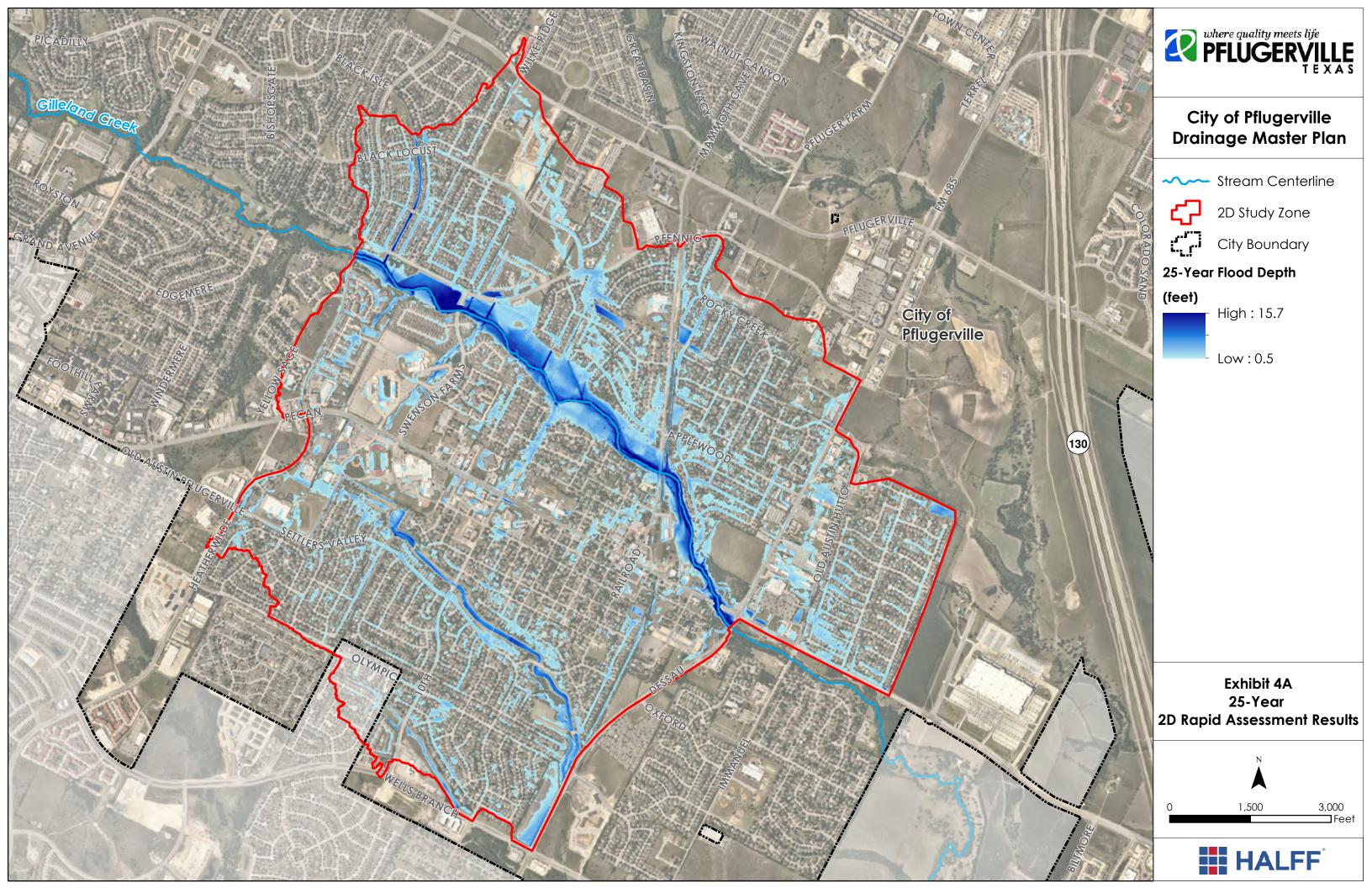


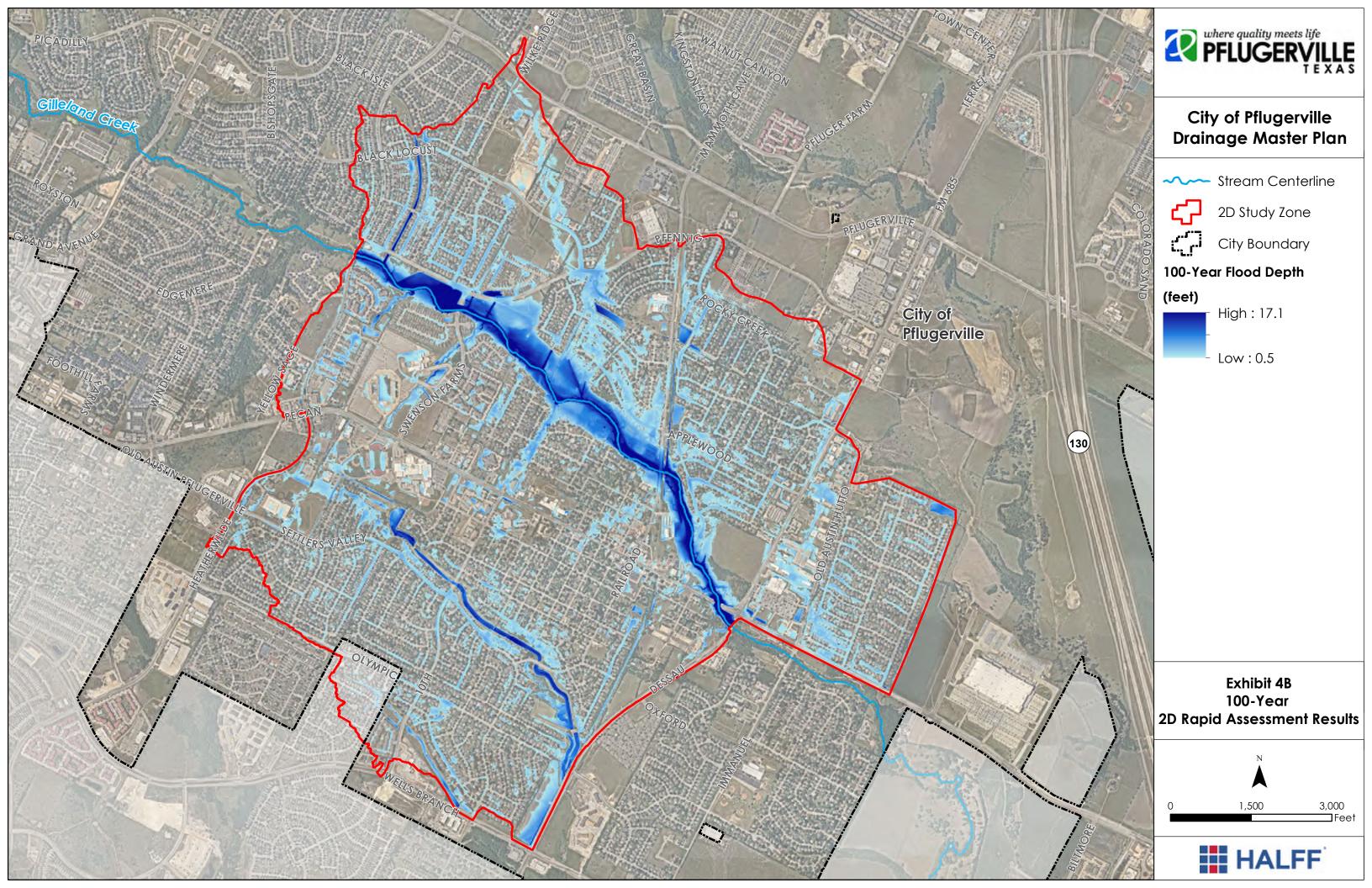


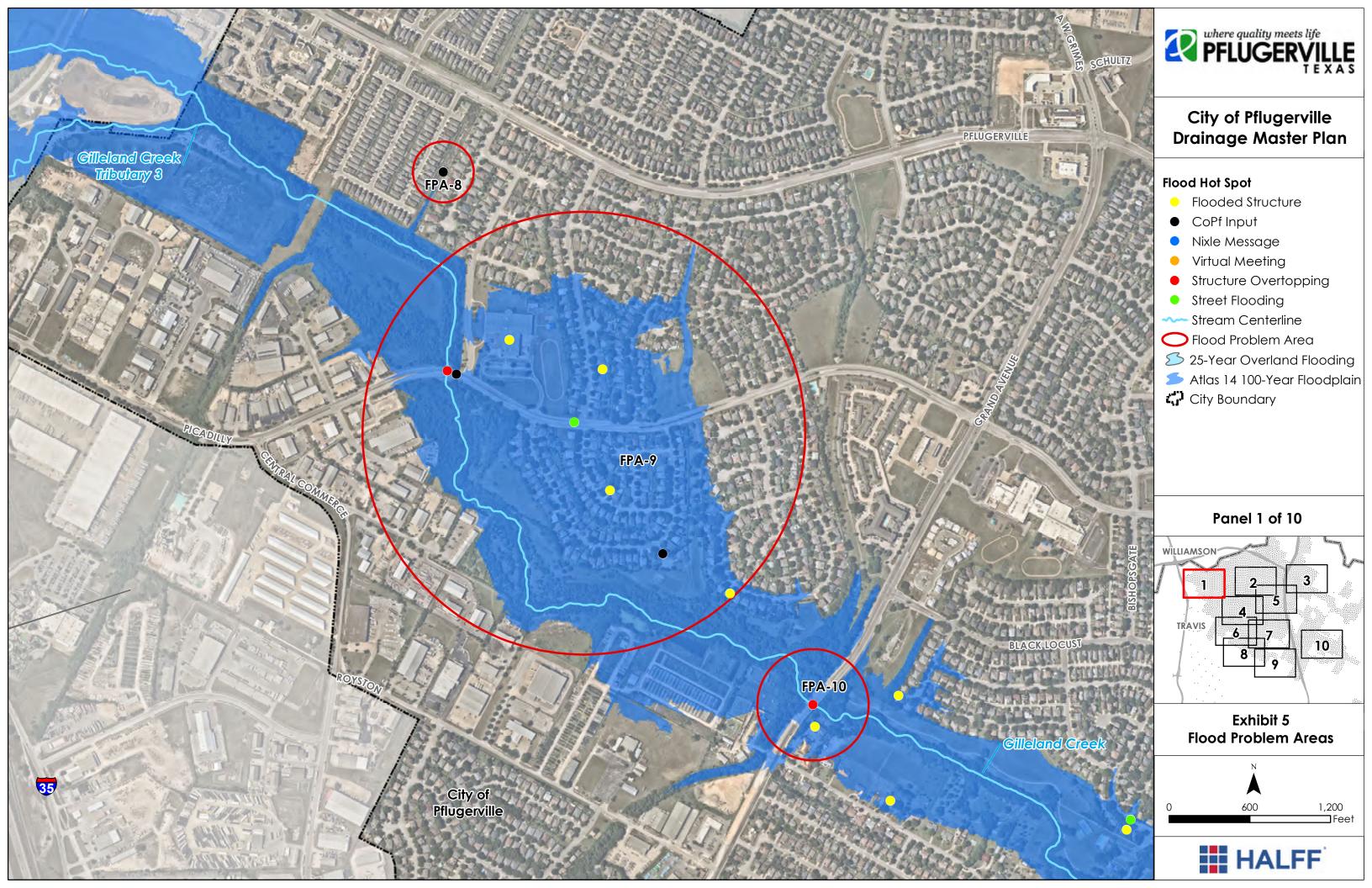


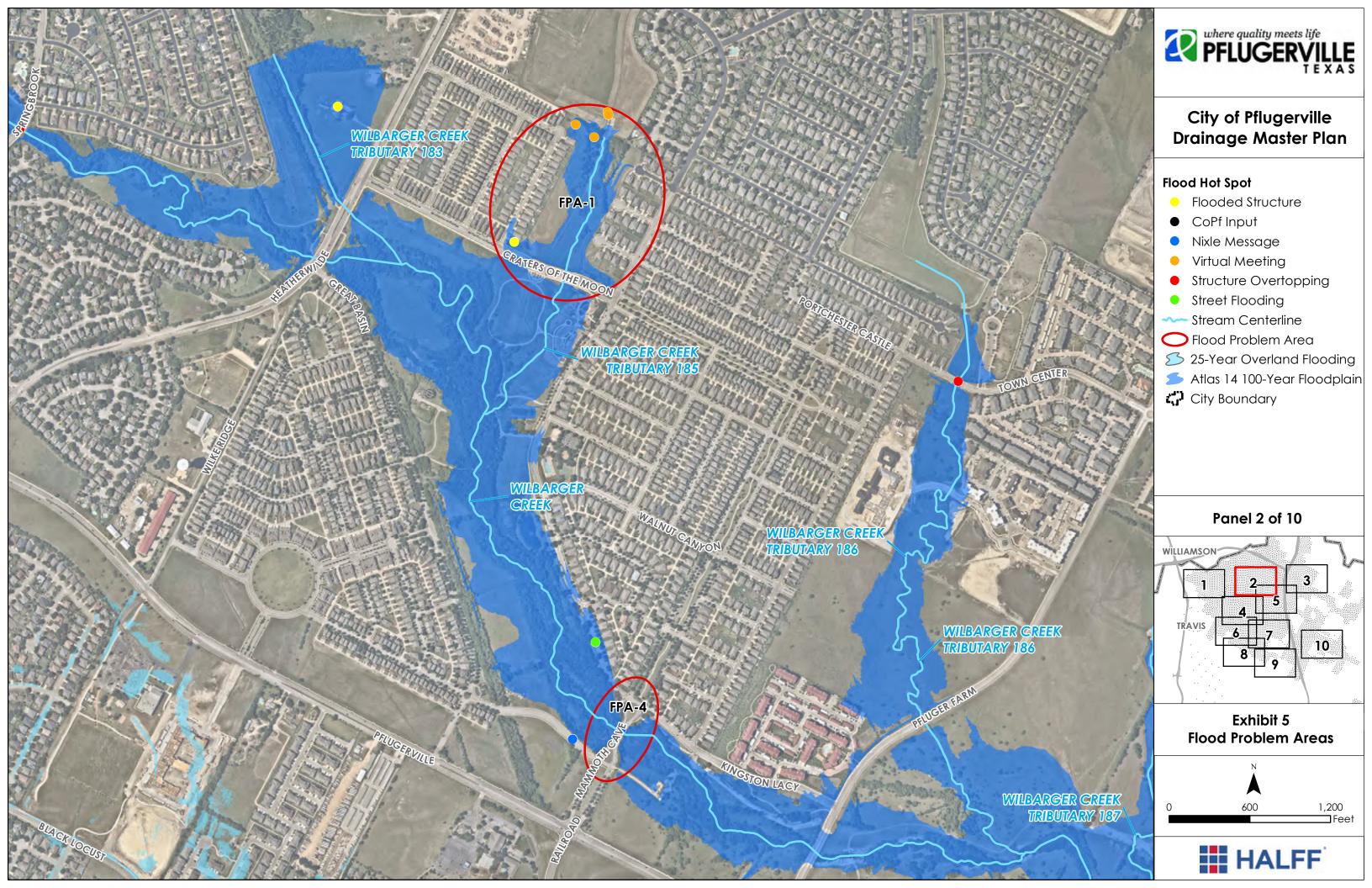


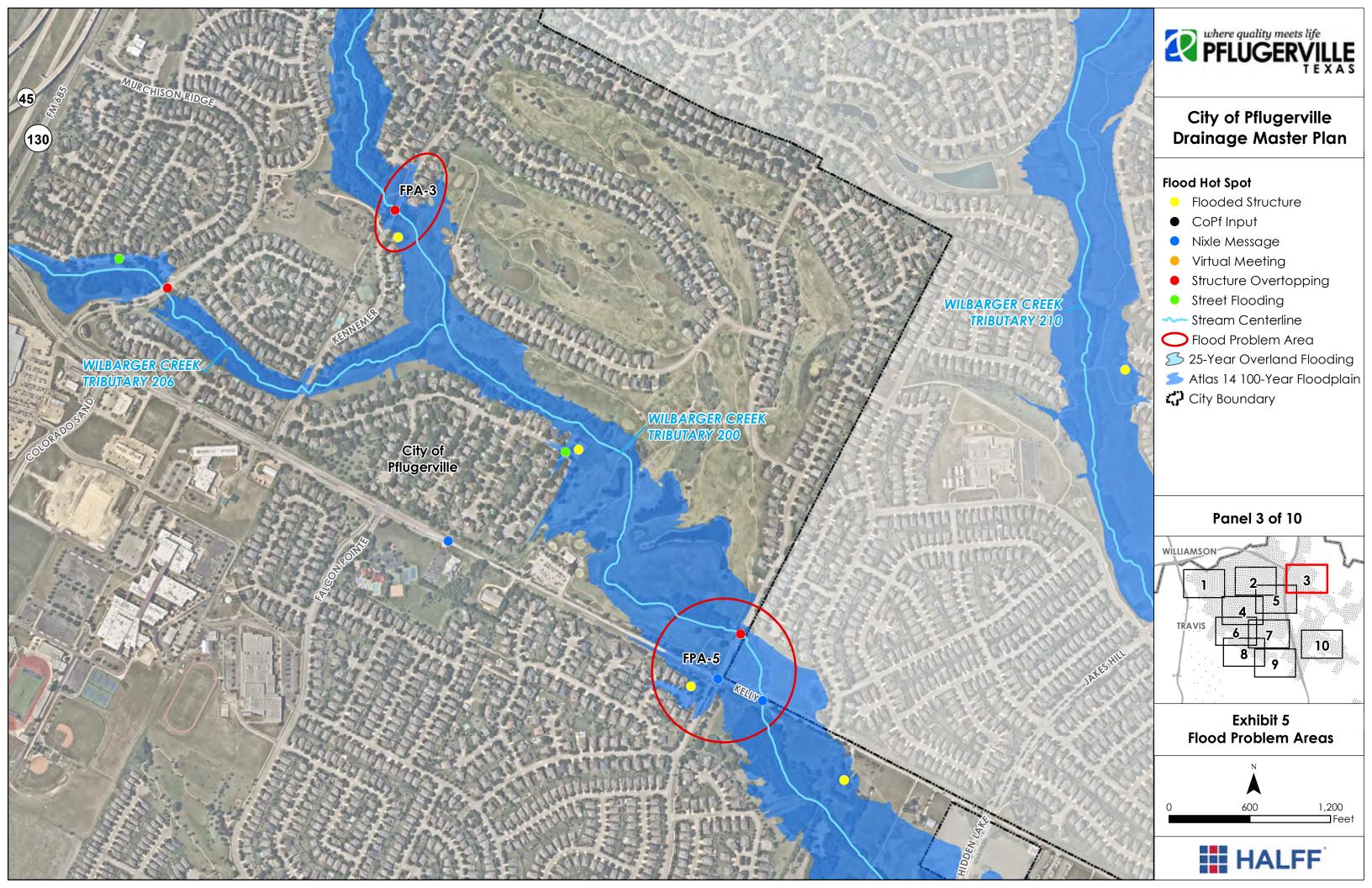


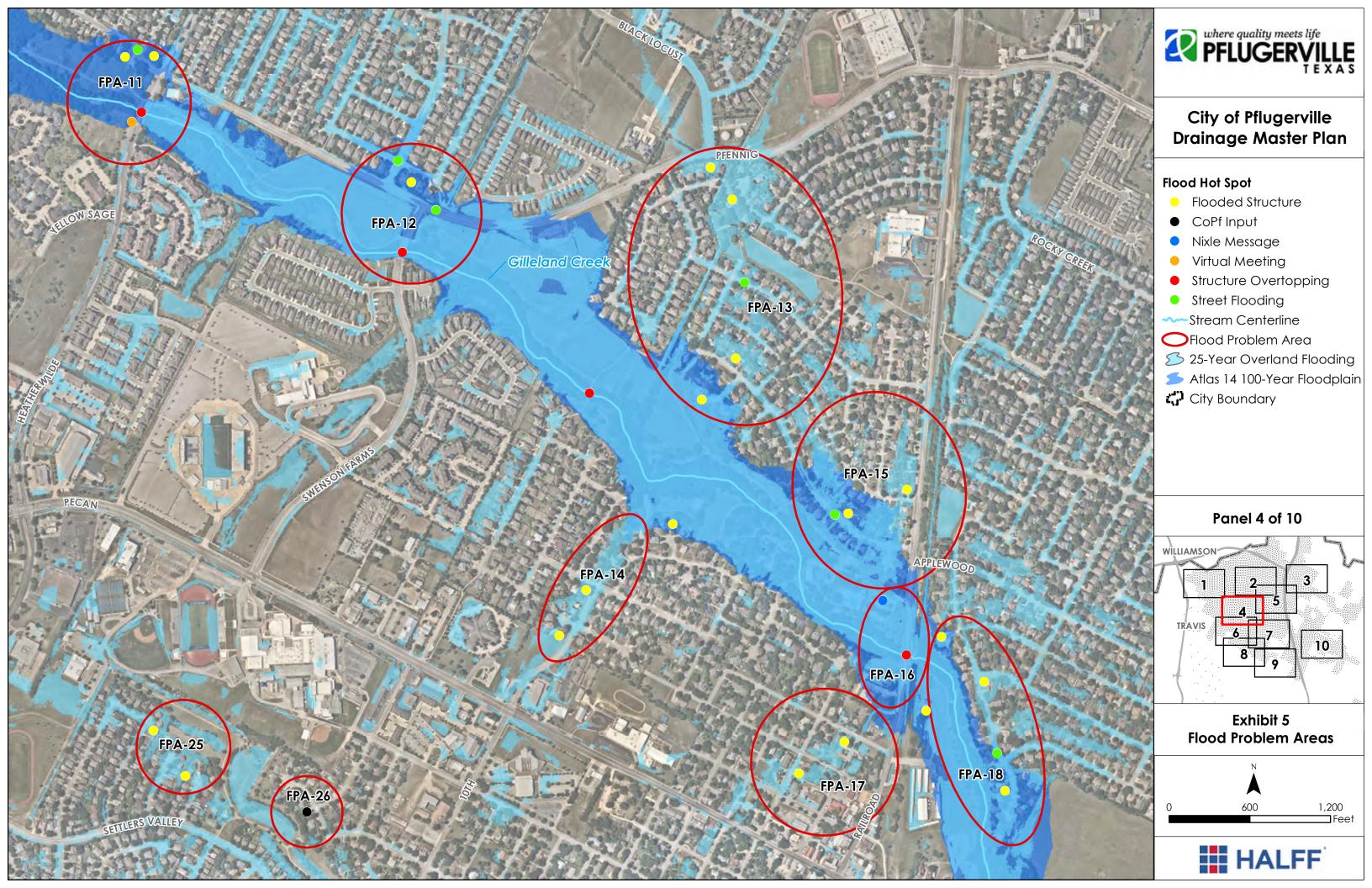


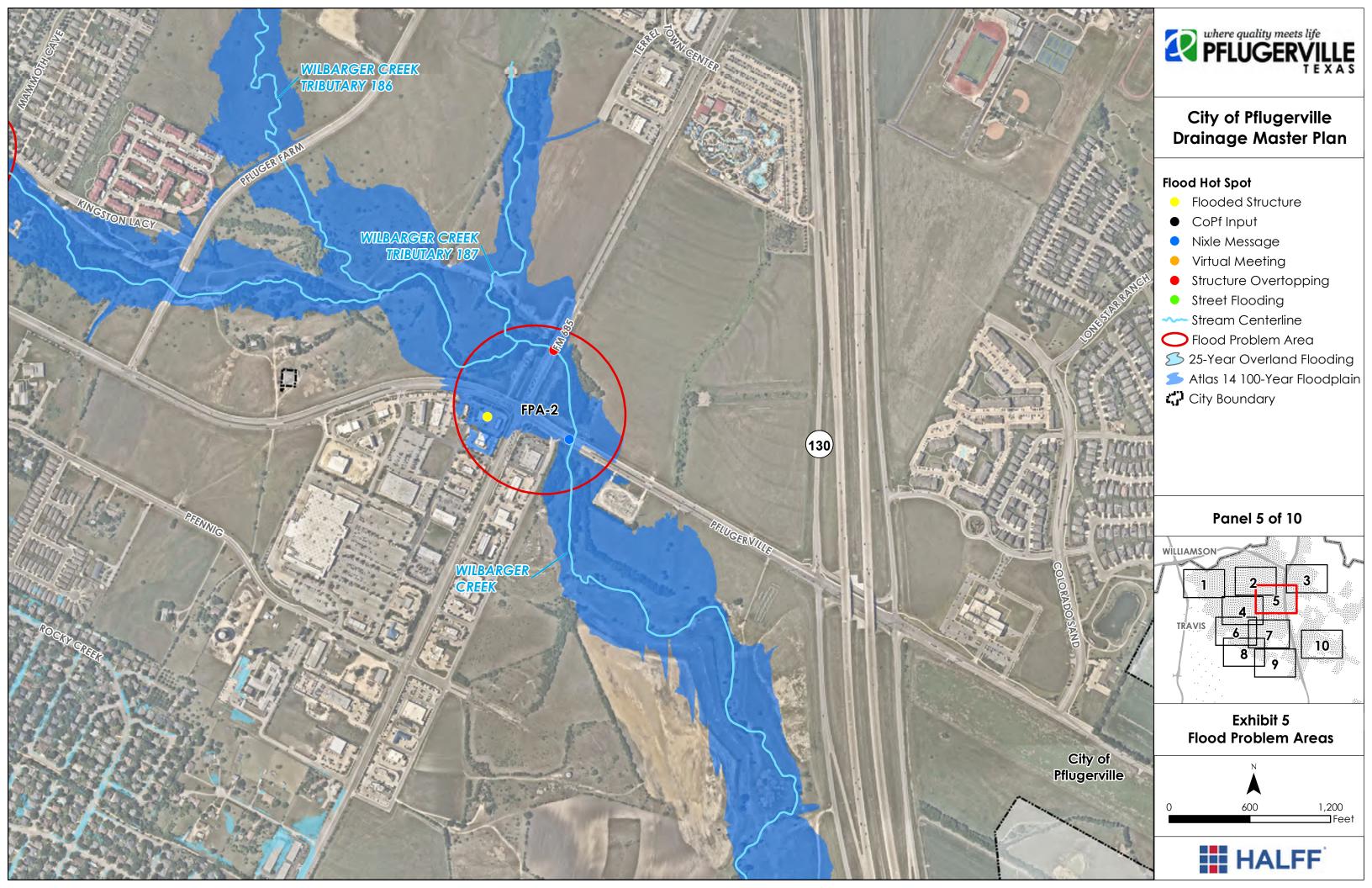


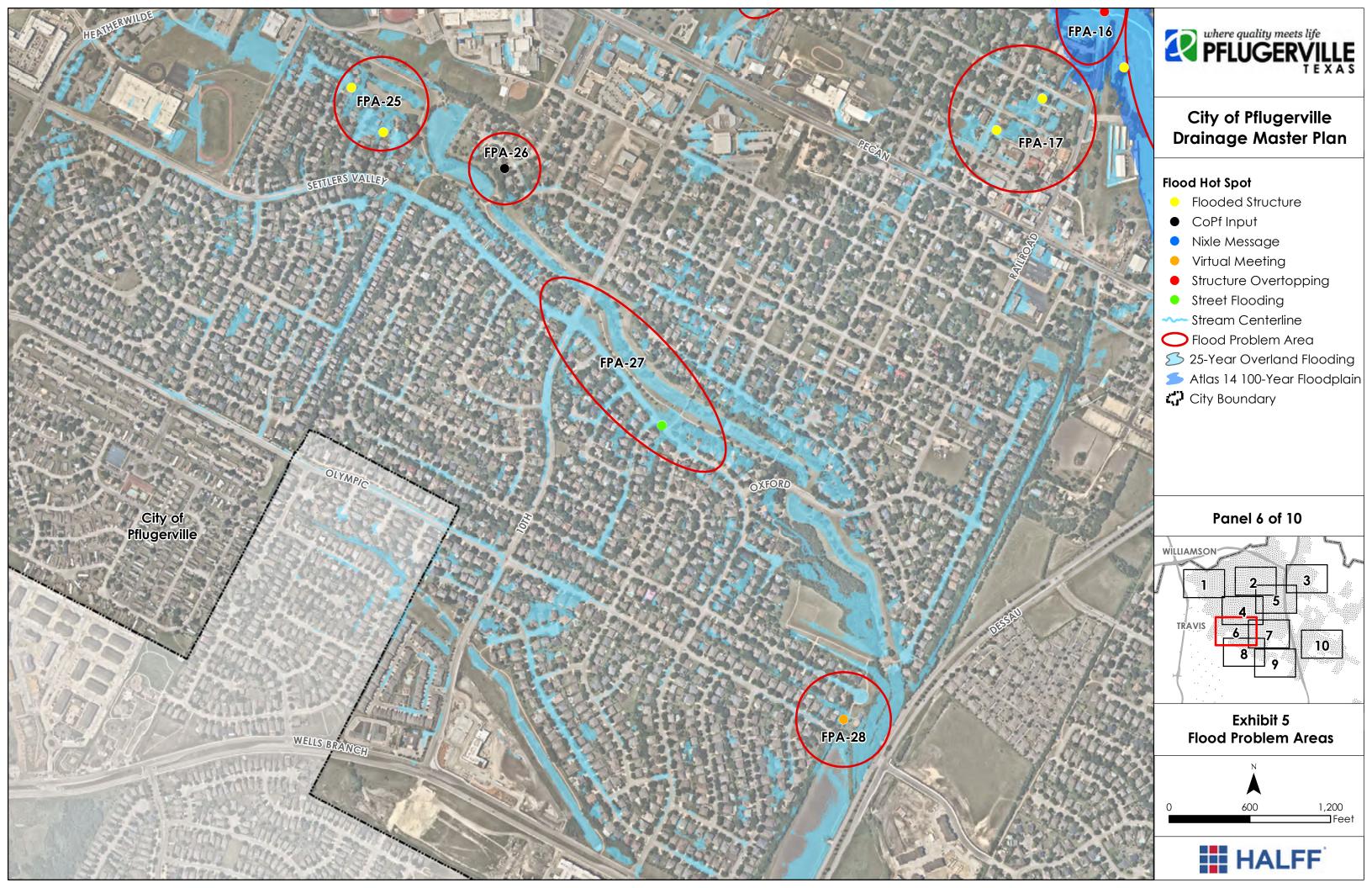


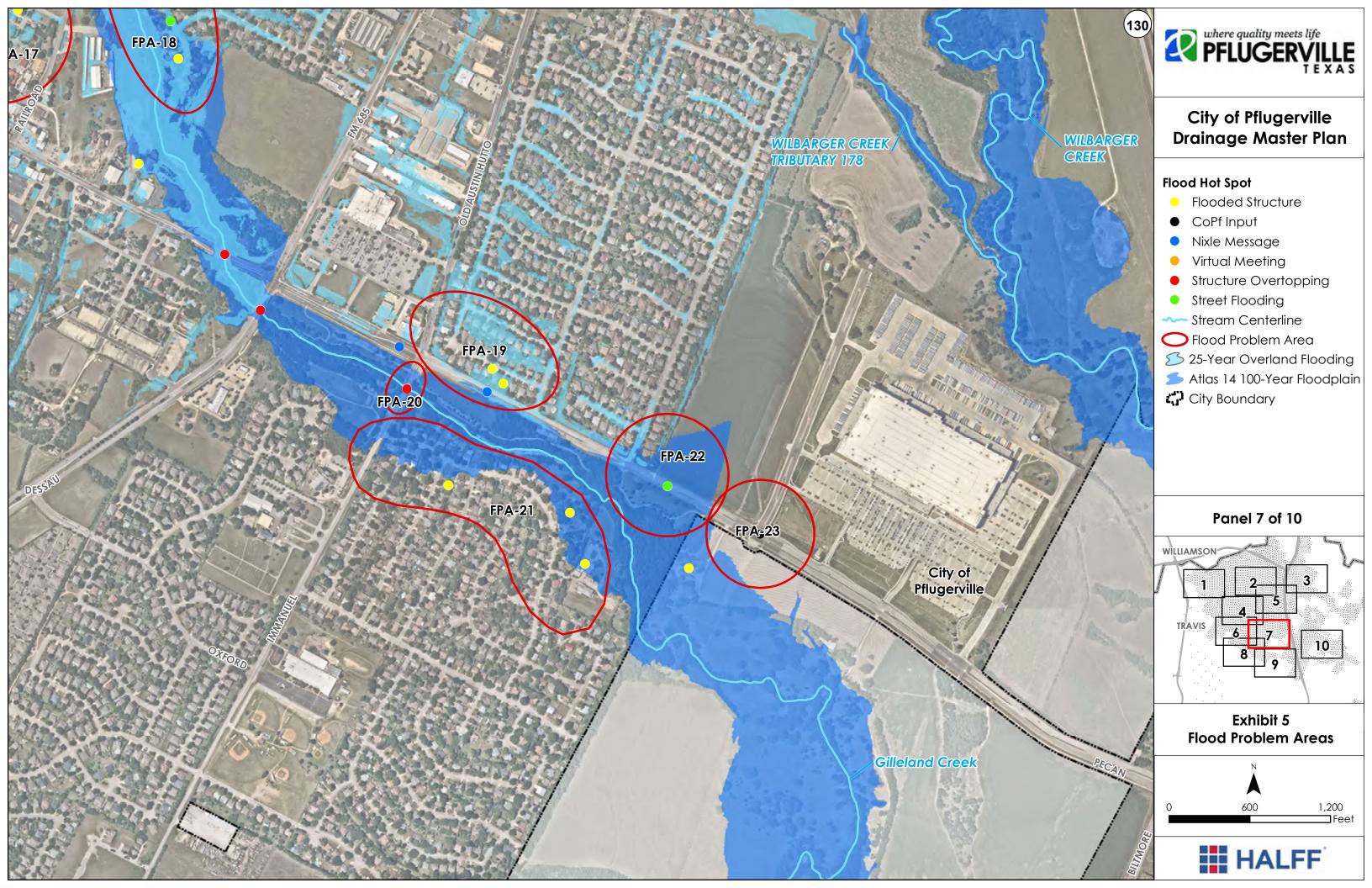


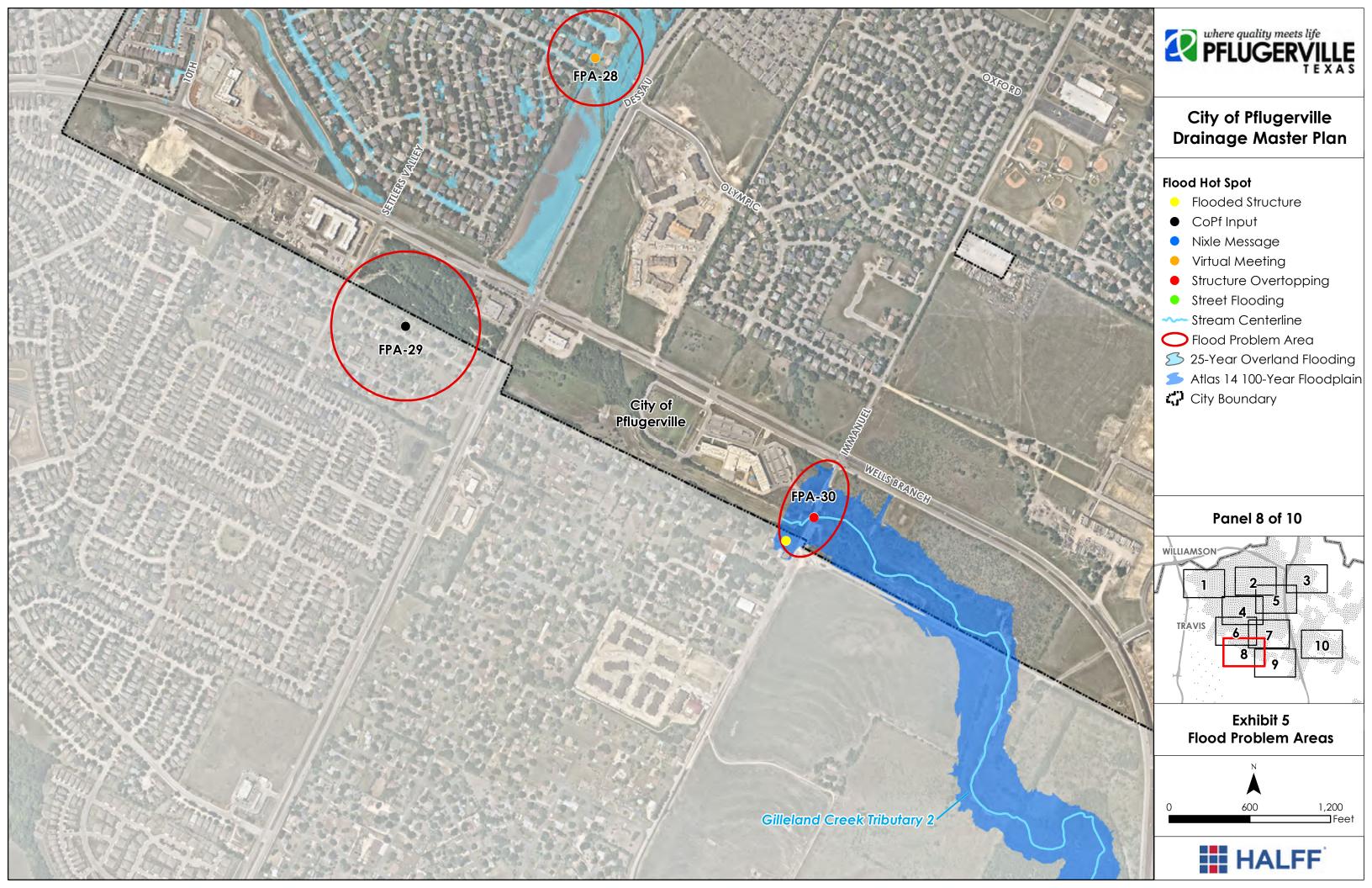


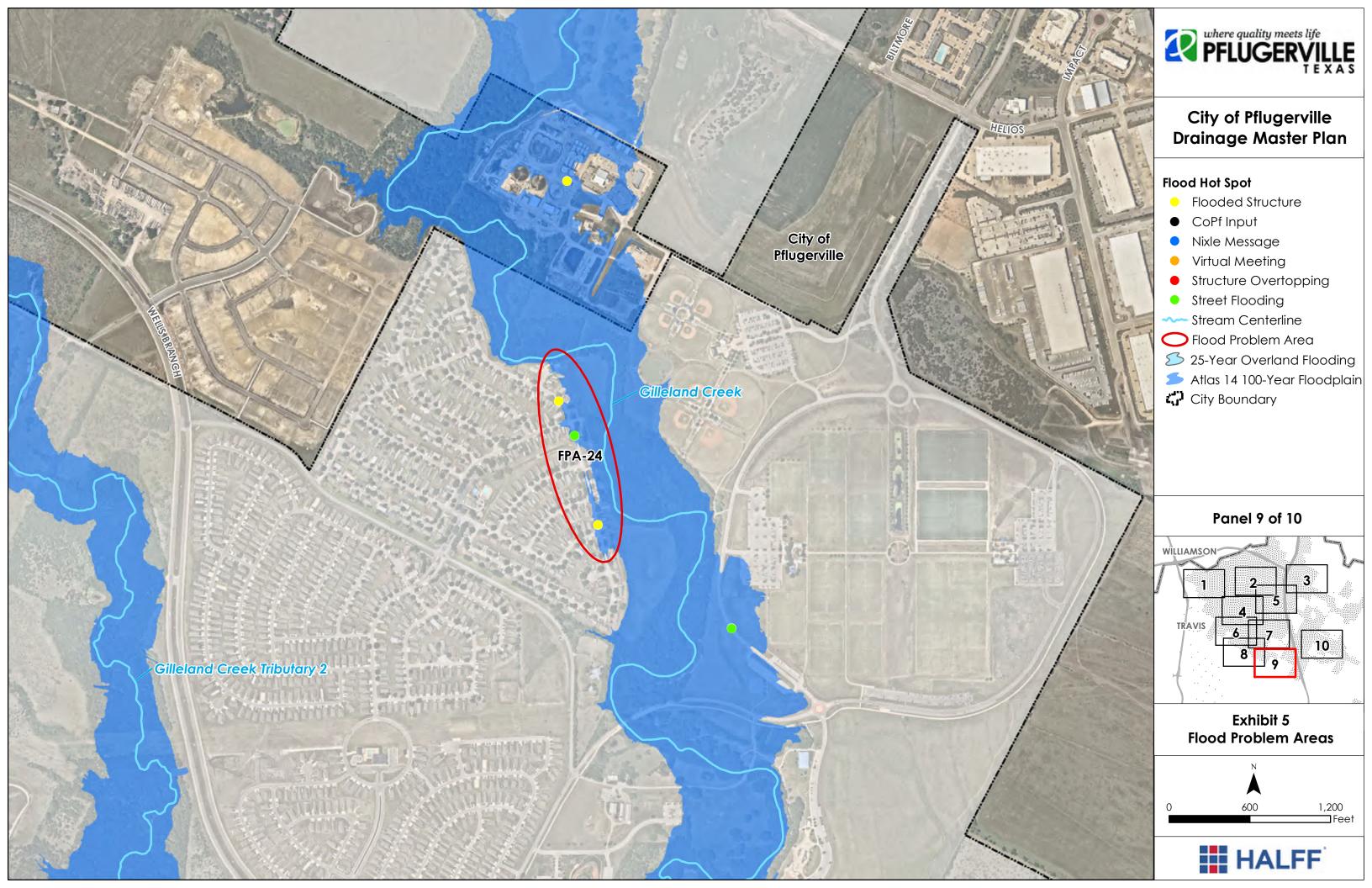


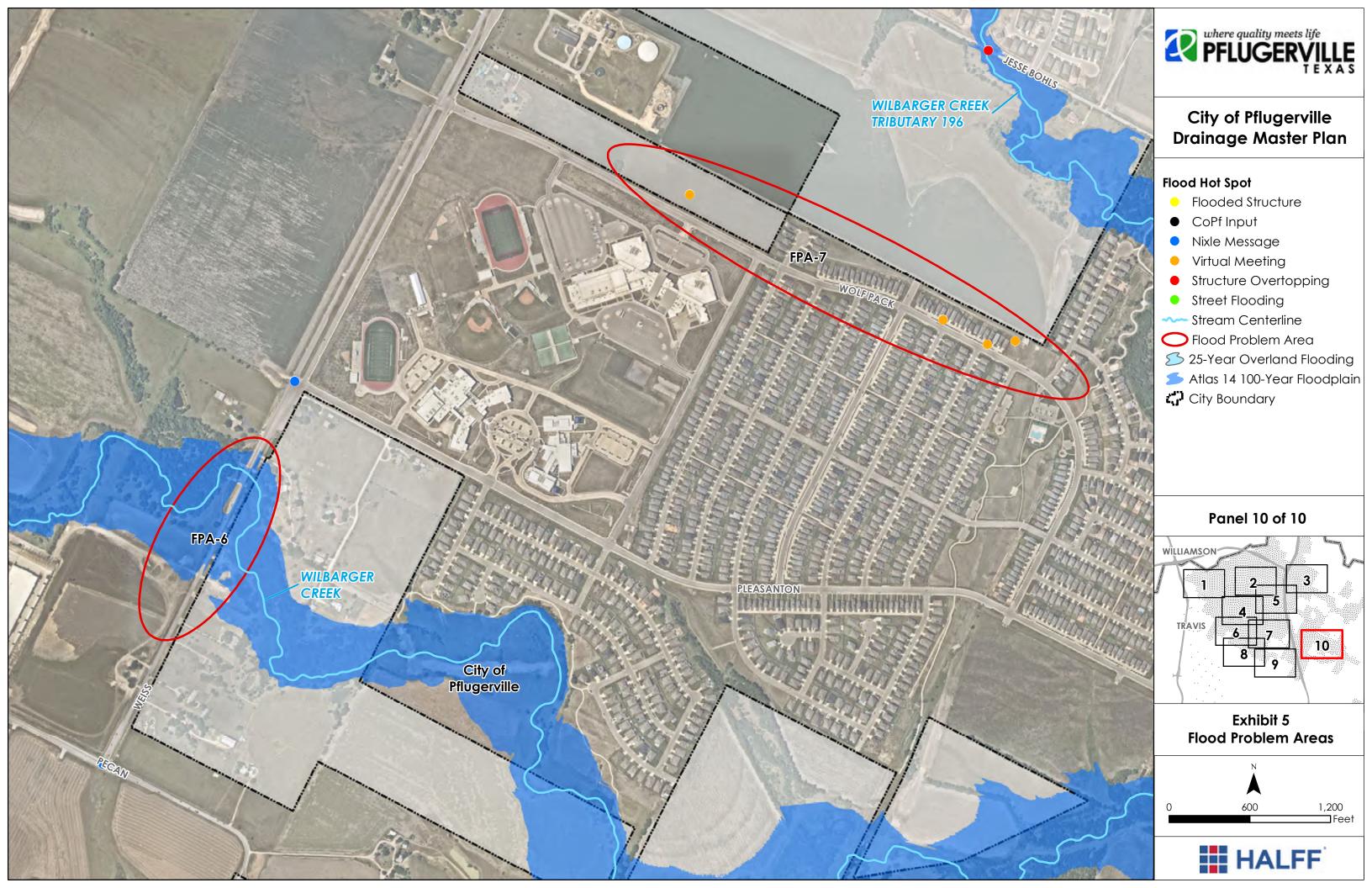


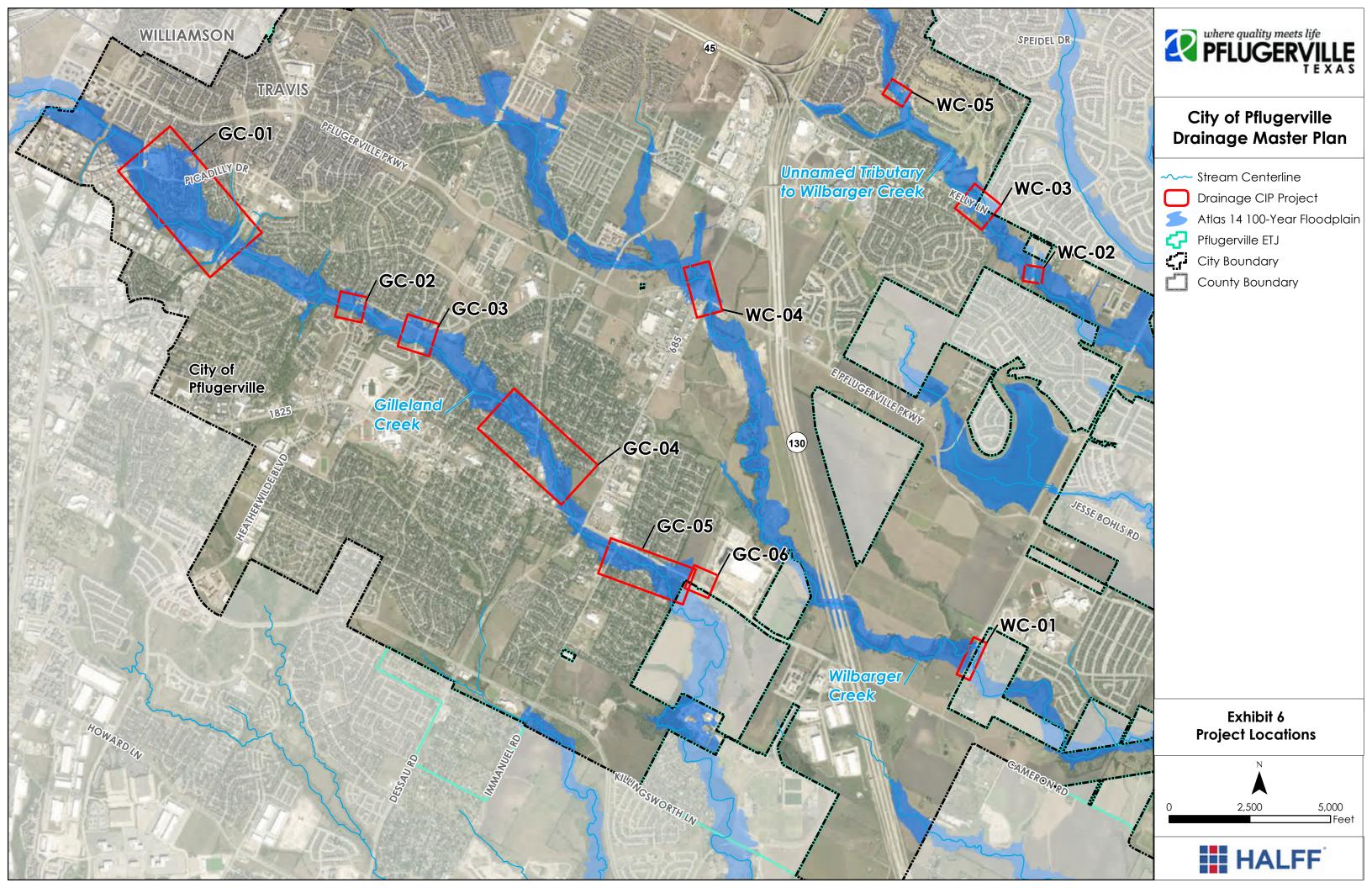












Appendix AVirtual Public Meeting Responses





Q1 Please enter your contact information below.

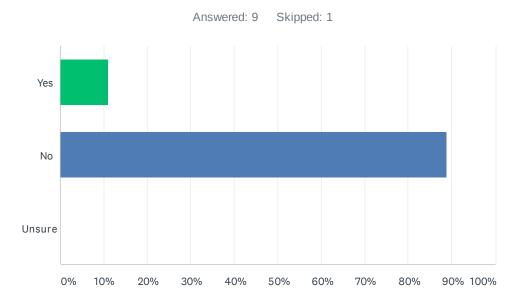
Answered: 7 Skipped: 3

ANSWER C	HOICES	RESPONSES	
Name		100.00%	7
Company		0.00%	0
Address		100.00%	7
Phone/Ema	il	100.00%	7
City/Town		0.00%	0
Texas		0.00%	0
ZIP/Postal (Code	0.00%	0
Country		0.00%	0
Email Addre	ess	0.00%	0
Phone Num	ber	0.00%	0
#	NAME		DATE
#	COMPANY There are no responses.		DATE
#	ADDRESS		DATE
#	PHONE/EMAIL		DATE

City of Pflugerville - Drainage Master Plan

#	CITY/TOWN	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	TEXAS	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	ZIP/POSTAL CODE	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	COUNTRY	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	EMAIL ADDRESS	DATE
	There are no responses.	
#	PHONE NUMBER	DATE
	There are no responses.	

Q2 Is your residence within the FEMA regulated floodplain? Use this interactive map to see if you residence is in the floodplain.



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES		
Yes	11.11%	1	
No	88.89%	8	
Unsure	0.00%	0	
TOTAL		9	

Q3 Please indicate to the best of your knowledge the dates, depths and location of flooding that has occurred at your address.

Answered: 3 Skipped: 7

ANSWER (CHOICES	RESPONSES		
Occurrence	2.1	100.00%		3
Occurrence	2	66.67%		2
Occurrence	2 3	33.33%		1
Occurrence	2.4	33.33%		1
Occurrence	÷ 5	33.33%		1
#	OCCURRENCE 1		DATE	
1	Saturday, May 1. Several inches?		5/7/2021 2:53 PM	
2	2018 june, to my knee		5/1/2021 8:55 PM	
3	None		4/23/2021 1:04 PM	
#	OCCURRENCE 2		DATE	
1	May 2021		5/1/2021 8:55 PM	
2	None		4/23/2021 1:04 PM	
#	OCCURRENCE 3		DATE	
1	None		4/23/2021 1:04 PM	
#	OCCURRENCE 4		DATE	
1	None		4/23/2021 1:04 PM	
#	OCCURRENCE 5		DATE	
1	None		4/23/2021 1:04 PM	

Q4 Please provide any other observations or comments you have relating to flooding or general storm drainage issues in your area.

Answered: 5 Skipped: 5

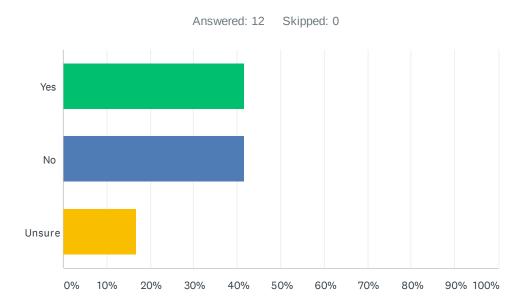
#	RESPONSES	DATE
1	The flatness of the lots leads to poor drainage of rainwater along the rear and east side of the lot. The fences seem to hold back drainage in these areas. There has been no flooding in the house. The house was built in 1994. Does current city code address lot drainage through requirements for slope of the land front to back or side to side or with drainage easements.? If not, can improvements to the code address lot drainage through lot slope, drainage ditch to retention ponds or both?	5/7/2021 4:25 PM
2	There is a low area between our house and the park which always holds water in a storm. It takes a day or two to drain out.	5/7/2021 2:53 PM
3	Please do NOT get rid of the sidewalks and trails that go under Railroad Avenue (by Brookhollow and Gilleland Creek). Even if they flood a few times a year they are an incredibly safe and accessible way for kids to get across Railroad without having to walk on the street.	5/2/2021 7:29 PM
4	Too much for this text box. You can call. I have tons of pictures and video. Current issue with today's rain and development in floodplain	5/1/2021 8:55 PM
5	My house is in a pretty good area. When we moved into our house 20 years ago, we checked out where the floodplain. It's good to know that 20 years later, we are still in a solid location.	4/23/2021 1:04 PM

Q5 Photos are also helpful. Do you have photos or videos from the flooding you would like to provide? Please upload your photos and videos below. You can also send them to Mark Lewis by email at mlewis@halff.com.

Answered: 1 Skipped: 9

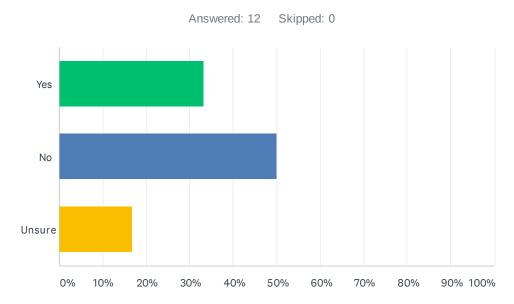
#	FILE NAME	FILE SIZE	DATE
1	DFF1858E-A1DA-4BD5-B747-E05B7B3F5387.jpeg	5.4MB	5/1/2021 8:55 PM

Q1 Do you think the City needs to fund Stormwater and Drainage activities?



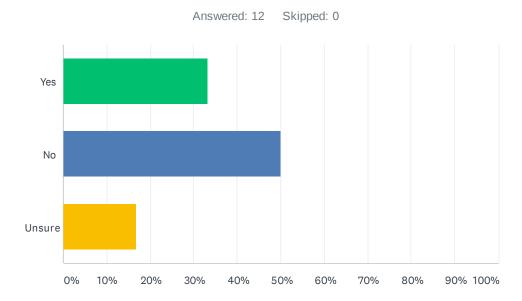
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	41.67%	5
No	41.67%	5
Unsure	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

Q2 Do you agree in principle, that a user fee that relates runoff to a drainage fee is a good way for the City to fund or partially fund stormwater and drainage infrastructure?



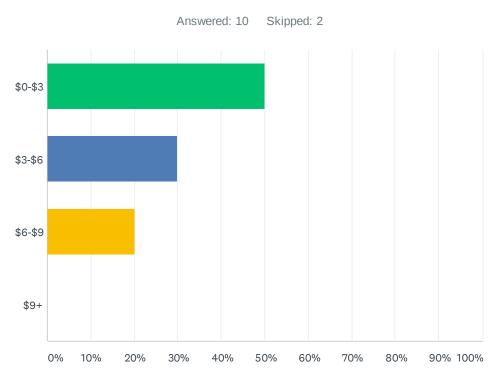
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	33.33%	4
No	50.00%	6
Unsure	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

Q3 Would you favor additional property taxes as the primary means to fund or partially fund stormwater and drainage infrastructure?



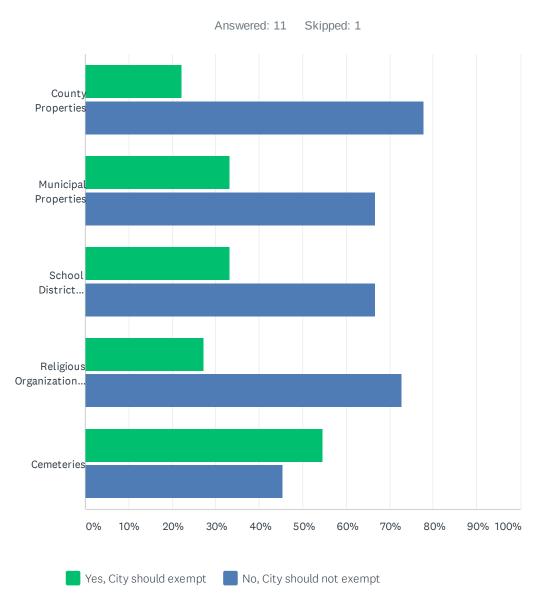
ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
Yes	33.33%	4
No	50.00%	6
Unsure	16.67%	2
TOTAL		12

Q4 What do you consider a reasonable cost for a stormwater fee knowing the average fee for comparison communities is approximately \$5.50 per month and after determining the cost of the City's stormwater program, \$10 per month may be required?



ANSWER CHOICES	RESPONSES	
\$0-\$3	50.00%	5
\$3-\$6	30.00%	3
\$6-\$9	20.00%	2
\$9+	0.00%	0
TOTAL		10

Q5 Per state statute, the City may elect to exempt county, municipal, school district, religious organizations, and cemetery properties from the drainage utility fee. If billed, the county and school district(s) would pay for drainage similar to others within the city limits, and they would be able to recover the needed revenue from properties within and also outside of the city. With this background information, do you think the City should exempt these?



City of Pflugerville - Drainage Utility Fee

	YES, CITY SHOULD EXEMPT	NO, CITY SHOULD NOT EXEMPT	TOTAL
County Properties	22.22%	77.78%	
	2	7	9
Municipal Properties	33.33%	66.67%	
	3	6	9
School District Properties	33.33%	66.67%	
	3	6	9
Religious Organization Properties	27.27%	72.73%	
	3	8	11
Cemeteries	54.55%	45.45%	
	6	5	11

Appendix B

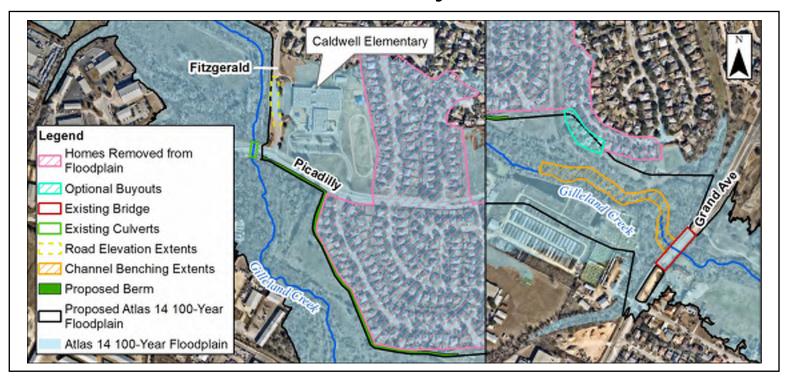
Drainage CIP Project Summary Sheets & Probable Cost Estimate





CITY OF PFLUGERVILLE DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

GC-01 Caldwell Elementary at Gilleland Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Caldwell Elementary becomes flooded by Gilleland Creek during the 100-year storm event. Proposed improvements include raising the Fitzgerald Ln profile to an elevation of 777 feet, 1,270 linear feet of channel improvements, and a 2,280-foot berm on the eastern border of Gilleland Creek.

The design removes Caldwell Elementary from the 100-year floodplain, prevents Fitzgerald Ln from overtopping during the 100-year storm event, and removes 205 homes from the floodplain.

BENEFITS

- Removes Caldwell Elementary from 100-year floodplain
- Removes 205 homes from 100-year floodplain
- Prevents Fitzgerald Ln from overtopping during 100-year storm event

CHALLENGES

- Channel excavation in heavily wooded area
- Berm along western edge of subdivision
- Optional buyouts of remaining properties that cannot be removed from floodplain

QUICK PFACTS:



205 homes removed from floodplain

2,280 ft berm; 1,270 ft channel improvements

350 feet of roadway profile adjustment

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2022):

Road Improvements: \$896,000

Channel Improvements: \$630,000

Other Costs: \$ 954,000

Optional Buyouts: \$ 7.20 M

Project Total: \$ 9.68 M



Project: GC-01 Caldwell Elementary

Stream: Gilleland Creek

Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$30,000	1	\$30,000
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	700	\$7,000
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	625	\$7,500
4	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	13,850	\$484,750
5	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	6,710	\$268,400
6	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	2,615	\$339,950
7	INLET (5FT)	EA	\$5,500	2	\$11,000
8	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	700	\$21,000
9	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	625	\$34,375
10	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$12,000	1	\$12,000
11	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$121,600	1	\$121,600
12	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$133,800	1	\$133,800
13	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$147,100	1	\$147,100
			PRO	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$1,618,500
1			309	% CONTINGENCY	\$485,600
	BASE TOTAL				\$2,104,100
	Optional Buyouts (Property Value x 3)				
	Environmental Permitting (5%)				
			Enginee	ring Design (15%)	\$315,700
	PROJECT TOTAL \$				\$9,683,174

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CITY OF PFLUGERVILLE DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

GC-02 N Heatherwilde at Gilleland Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

N Heatherwilde Blvd is flooded during the 50-year storm event. Proposed improvements include extending the N Heatherwilde bridge opening by 80 feet in the southern direction and 500 feet of channel improvements, including channel benching upstream and downstream of the N Heatherwilde Blvd bridge.

The design allows N Heatherwilde Blvd to pass the 100-year storm event, removes 8 homes from the floodplain, and relieves flooding on Cactus Blossom Dr.

BENEFITS

- Removes 8 homes from 100-year floodplain
- Relieves flooding on Cactus Blossom Dr, Heatherwilde Blvd, and Pfennig Ln
- N Heatherwilde Blvd will pass 100-year storm

CHALLENGES

- Rock channel excavation required
- Requires significant tree removal
- Existing Community Center at N Heatherwilde
 Blvd and Cactus Blossom Dr prevents northern
 channel improvements along Gilleland Creek

QUICK PFACTS:



N Heatherwilde Blvd to pass 100-year event

→ 500 feet channel improvements

280 foot roadway/bridge improvement

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 4.55 M

Channel Improvements: \$830,000

Design Costs: \$ 1.09 M

Other Costs: \$ 2.02 M

Project Total: \$8.49 M



Project: GC-02 N Heatherwilde

Stream: Gilleland Creek

Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS		
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$15,000	1	\$15,000		
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	240	\$2,400		
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	120	\$1,440		
2	REMOVE BRIDGE (0-99 FT LENGTH)	EA	\$18,000	2	\$36,000		
4	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	18,250	\$638,750		
5	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	650	\$84,500		
3	BRIDGE	SF	\$150	22,250	\$3,337,500		
4	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	800	\$20,000		
6	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA	\$2,500	2	\$5,000		
7	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	240	\$7,200		
4	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	120	\$6,600		
5	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$41,500	1	\$41,500		
8	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$419,600	1	\$419,600		
9	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$461,500	1	\$461,500		
10	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$507,700	1	\$507,700		
PROJECT SUBTOTAL 30% CONTINGENCY							
							BASE TOTAL
Environmental Permitting (2%) Engineering Design (15%)							
							PROJECT TOTAL

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CITY OF PFLUGERVILLE DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

GC-03 Swenson Farms at Gilleland Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Swenson Farms Blvd floods during the 100-year storm event. Proposed improvements include extending the bridge opening by 50 feet to the north, 200 linear feet of channel improvements, including channel benching upstream and downstream of Swenson Farms Blvd, and a 2,000 foot embankment adjacent to Pfennig Ln to contain the floodplain.

The design allows the bridge to pass the 100-year storm event, removes 10 homes from the floodplain, and relieves flooding on Pfennig Ln.

BENEFITS

- Removes 10 homes from 100-year floodplain
- Relieves flooding on Pfennig Ln during the 100year storm event
- Swenson Farms Blvd will pass 100-year storm

CHALLENGES

- Rock channel excavation required
- Requires significant tree removal
- Pedestrian crossing must be removed and redesigned to accommodate bridge, channel improvements, and embankment

QUICK PFACTS:



210 feet roadway/bridge improvements

2,000 foot embankment

200 feet channel improvements

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 3.04 M

Channel Improvements: \$ 264,000

Design Costs: \$ 670,000

Other Costs: \$ 1.25 M

Project Total: \$ 5.22 M



Project: GC-03 Swenson Farms Blvd

Stream: Gilleland Creek

Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: May 24, 2022

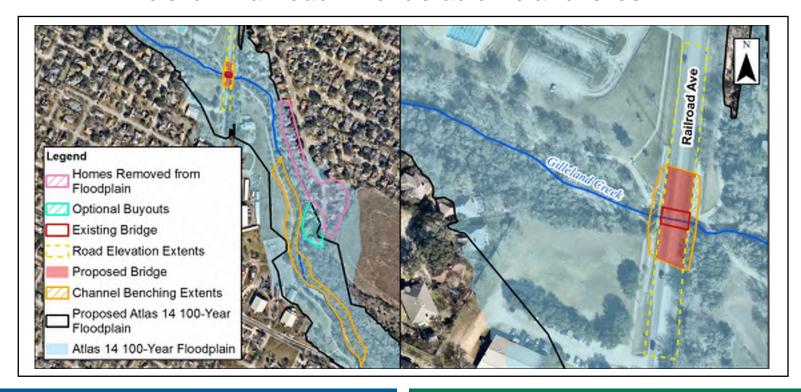


PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS	
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$15,000	1	\$15,000	
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	120	\$1,200	
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	135	\$1,620	
4	REMOVE BRIDGE (0-99 FT LENGTH)	SY	\$18,000	2	\$36,000	
5	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	5,800	\$203,000	
6	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	1,805	\$72,200	
7	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	200	\$26,000	
8	BRIDGE	SF	\$150	14,425	\$2,163,750	
9	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	800	\$20,000	
10	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA	\$2,500	2	\$5,000	
11	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	120	\$3,600	
12	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	135	\$7,425	
13	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$25,500	1	\$25,500	
14	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$258,000	1	\$258,000	
15	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$283,800	1	\$283,800	
16	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$312,200	1	\$312,200	
PROJECT SUBTOTAL						
30% CONTINGENCY BASE TOTAL						
Engineering Design (15%) PROJECT TOTAL						

This statement was prepared utilizing standard cost estimate practices. It is understood and agreed that this is an estimate only, and that Engineer shall not be held liable to Owner or third party for any failure to accurately estimate the cost of the project, or any part thereof. Unit prices are in current dollars and should be adjusted as required when letting schedule for project is determined.

CITY OF PFLUGERVILLE DRAINAGE MASTER PLAN

GC-04 Railroad Avenue at Gilleland Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Railroad Ave floods during the 2-year storm event. Proposed improvements include raising Railroad Ave up to 5 feet and widening the bridge opening by 220 feet. Design includes 1,760 feet of channel improvements including channel benching downstream of Railroad Ave.

The design allows Railroad Ave to pass the 10-year storm event, removes 10 homes from the floodplain, and reduces flooding for 6 additional homes.

BENEFITS

- Removes 10 homes from 100-year floodplain
- Railroad Ave will pass 10-year flood

CHALLENGES

- Railroad Ave cannot meet City criteria due to existing development and infrastructure constraints
- Utility relocation along channel
- Optional buyouts of remaining properties that cannot be removed from floodplains
- Main St roadway bond project coordination required

QUICK PFACTS:

Project Score: 66.7

Railroad Ave to pass 10-year event

1,760 feet channel improvements

250 foot bridge/roadway improvement

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 3.65 M

Channel Improvements: \$ 2.28 M

Optional Buyouts: \$ 7.34 M

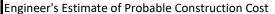
Other Costs: \$ 3.57 M

Project Total: \$ 16.84 M



Project: GC-04 Railroad Ave

Stream: Gilleland Creek

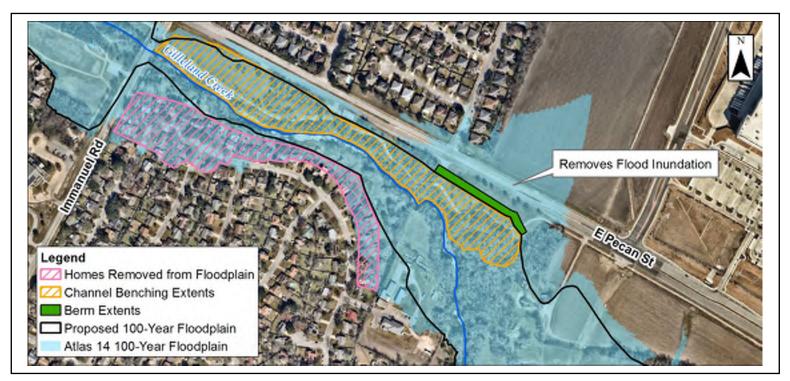


Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS		
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$30,000	1	\$30,000		
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	1,400	\$14,000		
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	1,050	\$12,600		
4	REMOVE BRIDGE (0-99 FT LENGTH)	EA	\$18,000	1	\$18,000		
5	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	50,000	\$1,750,000		
6	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	2,100	\$84,000		
7	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	8,180	\$1,063,400		
8	BRIDGE	SF	\$150	10,000	\$1,500,000		
9	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	800	\$20,000		
10	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA	\$2,500	4	\$10,000		
11	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	920	\$27,600		
12	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	1,050	\$57,750		
13	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$45,900	1	\$45,900		
14	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$463,300	1	\$463,300		
15	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$509,700	1	\$509,700		
16	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$560,600	1	\$560,600		
			PRO	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$6,166,900		
			309	% CONTINGENCY	\$1,850,100		
				BASE TOTAL	\$8,017,000		
Optional Buyouts (Property Value x 3)							
Environmental Permitting (3%)							
				ring Design (15%)	\$240,600 \$1,202,600		
			8	PROJECT TOTAL	\$16,843,323		

GC-05 Immanuel Road/Pecan Park at Gilleland Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Immanuel Rd floods during the 5-year storm event. The 100-year floodplain extends into the neighborhood south of Gilleland Creek and floods E Pecan St to the north. Proposed improvements include 2,200 ft of channel improvements and a 515 ft embankment to protect E Pecan St from flooding.

The design allows Immanuel Rd to pass the 10-year storm event, removes 29 homes from the floodplain, and relieves flooding on the E Pecan St.

Immanuel Rd improvements will occur as part of the roadway bond project

BENEFITS

- Removes 29 homes from the floodplain
- Relieves flooding on E Pecan St during the 100year storm event
- Immanuel Rd will pass the 10-year storm event

CHALLENGES

- Potential utility conflict (natural gas) near E Pecan
 St as well as any unknown underground utilities
- Channel improvements will impact recreational park located south of E Pecan St
- Immanuel Rd. roadway bond project coordination

QUICK PFACTS:

Project Score: 81.7

2,200 Feet of Channel Improvements

→ 515 Feet Embankment

() Immanuel Rd to pass 10-year event

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Channel Improvements: \$ 2.68 M

Design Costs: \$ 618,000

Other Costs: \$ 1.56 M

Project Total: \$ 4.86 M



Project: GC-05 Immanuel Road/Pecan Park

Stream: Gilleland Creek

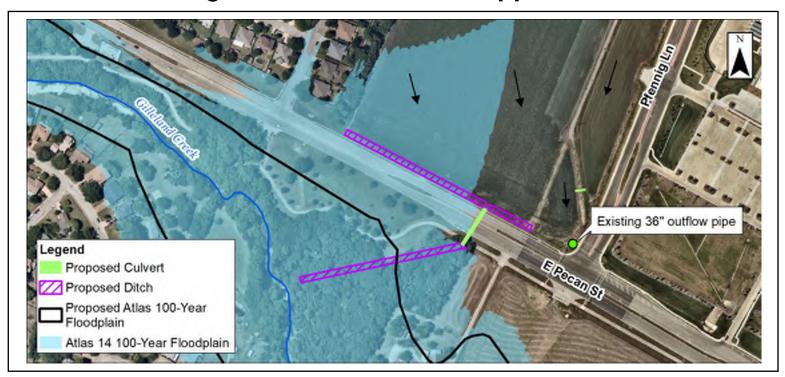
Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$30,000	1	\$30,000
2	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	3,959	\$47,507
3	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$15	129,702	\$1,945,530
4	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	2,931	\$117,240
6	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	3,959	\$217,739
7	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$23,600	1	\$23,600
8	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$238,200	1	\$238,200
9	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$262,000	1	\$262,000
16	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$288,200	1	\$288,200
			PR	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$3,170,100
			30	% CONTINGENCY	\$951,100
				BASE TOTAL	\$4,121,200
			Environmenta	l Permitting (3%)	\$123,700
			Enginee	ring Design (15%)	\$618,200
				PROJECT TOTAL	\$4,863,100

GC-06 Pfennig Ln Intersection N at Upper Gilleland Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The Pfennig Ln and E Pecan St intersection floods during heavy rain events. Record drawings indicate offsite flow from the field NW of the intersection was not accounted for during construction of E Pecan St.

Proposed solution includes a 4'x2' and 6'x3' box culvert plus ditches to convey flow from the field north of E Pecan St into Gilleland Creek. The existing 36" storm drain is well-sized to convey flow in the Pfennig Ln ROW. Proposed improvements will minimize flooding in the intersection.

BENEFITS

 Proposed improvements convey 100-year flow from field NW of the intersection across E Pecan St to Upper Gilleland Creek

CHALLENGES

- Natural gas easement on north side of E Pecan St
- Coordinating ditch through recreational park located south of Pecan St
- Road closures and reroutes during construction

QUICK PFACTS:

Project Score: 73.3

Conveys 100-year event from offsite field

190 foot box culvert

1,200 foot drainage ditch

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Storm Improvements: \$ 184,000

Design Costs: \$47,000

Other Costs: \$ 141,000

Project Total: \$372,000



Project: GC-06 Pfennig Ln Intersection N

Stream: Gilleland Creek

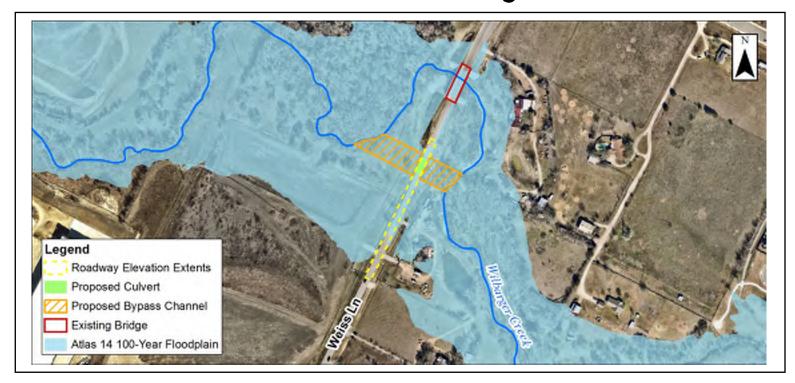
Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: July 22, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$20,000	1	\$20,000
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	50	\$500
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	20	\$240
4	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	1,560	\$54,600
5	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	120	\$15,600
6	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	\$10	150	\$1,500
7	4' X 2' RCB	LF	\$230	40	\$9,200
8	6' X 3' RCB	LF	\$360	150	\$54,000
9	WINGWALL (< 5 FT TALL)	EA	\$12,000	2	\$24,000
10	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	40	\$1,200
11	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	20	\$1,100
12	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$1,800	1	\$1,800
13	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$18,400	1	\$18,400
14	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$20,200	1	\$20,200
15	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$20,200	1	\$20,200
			PRO	DJECT SUBTOTAL	\$242,600
			309	% CONTINGENCY	\$72,800
				BASE TOTAL	\$315,400
			Environmenta	l Permitting (3%)	\$9,500
			Engineer	ing Design (15%)	\$47,400
				PROJECT TOTAL	\$372,300

WC-O1 Weiss Ln at Wilbarger Creek



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

During the 50-year storm, Weiss Ln flood levels overtop the roadway south of the existing bridge. Proposed improvements consist of raising the roadway profile 4 ft to the south of the Weiss Ln bridge, adding six 10'x5' drainage relief culverts under the newly raised profile, and adding a 100' wide bypass channel to allow flow through the culvert.

The proposed improvements allow Weiss Ln to pass the 100-year storm event.

BENEFITS

- Allows Weiss Ln to pass 100-year event
- Prevents traffic disruptions coming to and from Cele Middle School during heavy rain events.

CHALLENGES

- Raised roadway profile will need to tie back into several existing residential driveways
- Proposed drainage channel may cut into private property (parcel data inconclusive)
- Raised roadway profile will need to accommodate future lane expansion.

QUICK PFACTS:



→ Weiss Ln passes 100-year Event

300 feet of new box culverts

400 feet of channel excavation

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Storm Improvements: \$ 420,000

Road Improvements: \$582,000

Design Costs: \$ 207,000

Other Costs: \$ 421,000

Project Total: \$ 1.63 M



Project: WC-01 Weiss Ln

Stream: Wilbarger Creek Trib 200

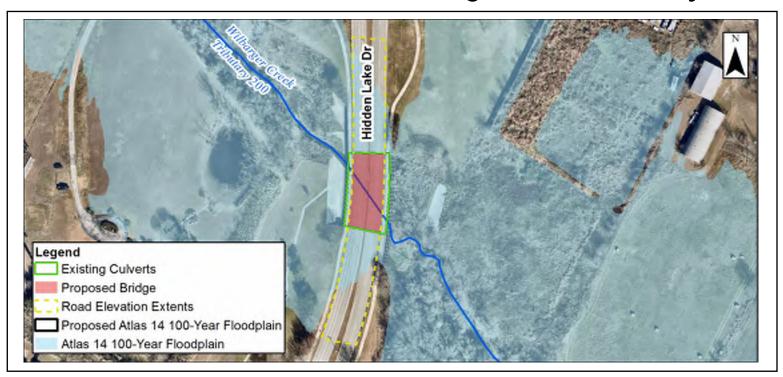
Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS			
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$20,000	1	\$20,000			
#REF!	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	2,279	\$79,765			
#REF!	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	4,358	\$174,320			
#REF!	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	1,950	\$253,500			
#REF!	TRENCH EXCAVATION PROTECTION	LF	\$10	300	\$3,000			
23	10' X 5' RCB	LF	\$800	300	\$240,000			
	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	800	\$20,000			
34	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$7,900	1	\$7,900			
35	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$79,800	1	\$79,800			
36	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$87,800	1	\$87,800			
	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$96,600	1	\$96,600			
			PRO	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$1,062,700			
			309	% CONTINGENCY	\$318,900			
				BASE TOTAL	\$1,381,600			
			Stori	m Improvements	\$419,595			
			Roa	d Improvements	\$582,166			
				Other Costs	\$421,339.50			
Environmental Permitting (3%)								
Engineering Design (15%)								
					\$207,300			
				PROJECT TOTAL	\$1,630,400			

WC-02 Hidden Lake Drive at Wilbarger Creek Tributary 200



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Hidden Lake Dr at Wilbarger Creek Tributary 200 floods during the 10-year storm event. Proposed improvements include replacing the fourteen 10' x 5' existing culverts with a 200-foot bridge span. Design includes raising Hidden Lake Dr to an elevation of 644 feet, 3 feet higher than the current elevation.

The design allows Hidden Lake Dr to pass the 100-year storm event.

BENEFITS

- Hidden Lake Dr will pass 100-year storm
- Does not negatively impact surrounding properties

CHALLENGES

- Proposal requires raising Hidden Lake Dr by 3 feet
- Pedestrian crossings must be removed and redesigned to accommodate roadway improvements

QUICK PFACTS:

Project Score: 74.0

Hidden Lake Dr to pass 100-year event

550 foot roadway/bridge improvements

() 200 foot bridge to replace culverts

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 2.54 M

Design Costs: \$ 516,000

Other Costs: \$ 974,000

Project Total: \$ 4.03 M



Project: WC-02 Hidden Lake Drive
Stream: Wilbarger Creek Trib 200

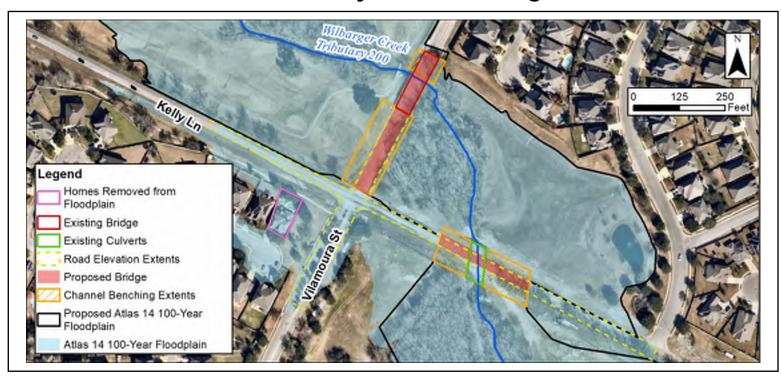


Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost

Date: May 24, 2022

PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS			
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$15,000	1	\$15,000			
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	1,115	\$11,150			
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	875	\$10,500			
4	REMOVE CULVERT	LF	\$65	80	\$5,200			
5	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	1,840	\$73,600			
6	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$125	4,100	\$512,500			
7	BRIDGE	SF	\$150	8,035	\$1,205,250			
8	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	800	\$20,000			
9	WINGWALL (> 5 FT TALL)	EA	\$15,000	2	\$30,000			
10	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA	\$2,500	2	\$5,000			
11	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	1,115	\$33,450			
12	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	875	\$48,125			
13	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$19,700	1	\$19,700			
14	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$198,900	1	\$198,900			
15	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$218,800	1	\$218,800			
	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$240,700	1	\$240,700			
			DD	DJECT SUBTOTAL	\$2,647,900			
			303	% CONTINGENCY	\$794,400			
				BASE TOTAL	\$3,442,300			
Environmental Permitting (2%)								
Engineering Design (15%)								
PROJECT TOTAL								

WC-03 Vilamoura St & Kelly Ln at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Vilamoura St and Kelly Ln floods during the 2-year storm. Proposed project includes extending Vilamoura St Bridge opening from 160 feet to 400 feet to the south towards Kelly Ln. Also replacing Kelly Ln culverts with a 270 foot bridge, and raising both roadways by up to 6.5 feet. Design includes 650 feet of channel improvements.

The design allows both streets to pass the 100-year storm event and removes 1 home from the floodplain.

BENEFITS

- Removes 1 home from 100-year floodplain
- Vilamoura St will pass 100-year storm
- Kelly Ln will pass 100-year storm

CHALLENGES

- Kelly Ln included in roadway bond project
- Proposal requires raising Vilamoura St by 3 feet
- Proposal requires raising Kelly Ln by 6.5 feet
- Will need to address local storm drainage improvements due to changes in roadways

QUICK PFACTS:



1,760 feet roadway improvements

→ 670 feet bridge improvements

(→) 650 feet channel improvements

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 7.27 M

Channel Improvements: \$505,000

Design Costs: \$ 1.58 M

Other Costs: \$ 3.05 M

Project Total: \$ 12.40 M



Project: WC-03 Vilamoura Street and Kelly Ln

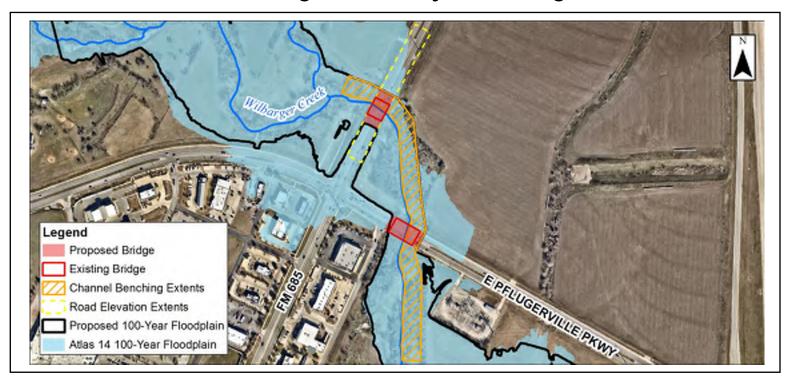
Stream: Wilbager Creek Tributary 200 Engineer's Estimate of Probable Construction Cost



Date: May 24, 2022

PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$30,000	1	\$30,000
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	1,042	\$10,420
3	REMOVING CONC (SIDEWALK)	SY	\$12	700	\$8,400
4	REMOVE BRIDGE (0-99 FT LENGTH)	EA	\$18,000	2	\$36,000
5	REMOVE CULVERT	LF	\$65	110	\$7,150
6	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)		\$35	11,100	\$388,500
7	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	9,860	\$394,400
8	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC) SY \$130 9,		9,300	\$1,209,000	
9	BRIDGE	SF	\$150	25,550	\$3,832,500
10	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	800	\$20,000
11	REMOV STR (HEADWALL)	EA	\$2,500	2	\$5,000
12	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	1,042	\$31,260
13	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	700	\$38,500
14	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$60,100	1	\$60,100
15	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$607,100	1	\$607,100
16	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$667,800	1	\$667,800
17	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$734,600	1	\$734,600
			PR	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$8,080,800
			30	% CONTINGENCY	\$2,424,300
				BASE TOTAL	\$10,505,100
			Environmenta	l Permitting (1%)	\$315,200
			Enginee	ring Design (15%)	\$1,575,800
				PROJECT TOTAL	\$12,396,100

WC-04 FM 685 & E Pflugerville Pkwy at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

FM 685 and East Pflugerville Parkway floods during the 5 year and 25 year storm events, respectively. Proposed improvements include extending each bridge opening to four 50-foot spans, and raising the roadway profile of FM 685 by 2 feet. Design also includes 1700 feet of channel improvements on the east side of the creek.

The design allows both streets to pass the 100-year storm event and removes 3 structures from the flood-plain.

BENEFITS

- FM 685 and E Pflugerville Pkwy will pass 100year storm
- Removes 3 structures from 100-year floodplain

CHALLENGES

- Proposal requires raising FM 685 roadway profile by 2 feet
- Potential utility conflicts with extensive channel improvement
- Will need to address local storm drainage improvements due to changes in roadways

QUICK PFACTS:



310 feet roadway improvements

400 feet bridge improvements

1700 feet channel improvements

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 7.33 M

Channel Improvements: \$ 3.23 M

Design Costs: \$ 1.66 M

Other Costs: \$ 3.72 M

Project Total: \$ 15.94 M



Project: WC-04 FM 685 and East Pflugerville Pkwy

Stream: Wilbarger Creek Trib 200

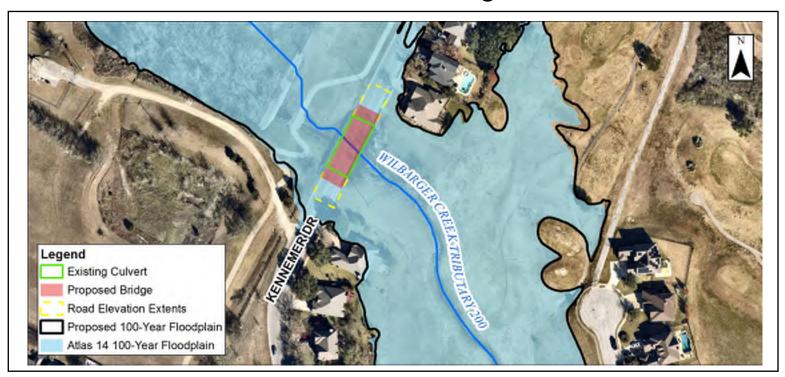


Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS			
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$15,000	1	\$15,000			
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	2,036	\$20,360			
3	EXCAVATION (CHANNEL)	CY	\$35	70,900	\$2,481,500			
4	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	5,880	\$235,200			
5	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)	SY	\$130	11,320	\$1,471,600			
6	BRIDGE	SF	\$150	24,497	\$3,674,550			
7	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE	LF	\$25	1,170	\$29,250			
8	REMOVE BRIDGE (0-99 FT LENGTH)	EA	\$18,000	2	\$36,000			
9	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	2,040	\$61,200			
10	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	2,040	\$112,200			
11	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$81,400	1	\$81,400			
12	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$813,700	1	\$813,700			
13	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$813,700	1	\$813,700			
14	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$813,700	1	\$813,700			
			PRO	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$10,659,400			
			309	% CONTINGENCY	\$3,197,900			
BASE TOTAL								
Environmental Permitting (3%)								
			Engineer	ing Design (15%)	\$1,662,900			
PROJECT TOTAL								

WC-05 Kennemer Drive at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Kennemer Dr currently floods during the 5 year storm. Proposed improvements include replacing the existing culverts with a 150 foot 3-span bridge and raising the roadway profile by 0.8 feet. Improvements also includes widening and stabilizing the channel underneath the bridge.

The proposed improvement allows Kennemer Ln to pass the 10 year storm and significantly reduces the flooding depth and width of the 100 year storm.

BENEFITS

- Allows Kennemer Dr to pass 10 year storm
- Floodplain width for the 100 year storm is reduced by 50 feet through the bridge

CHALLENGES

- Proposed improvements must tie in to existing residential driveways
- Proposal requires raising Kennemer Dr by 0.8 ft
- Will need to address local storm drainage improvements due to changes in roadways

QUICK PFACTS:



230 feet roadway improvements

150 feet bridge improvements

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Road Improvements: \$ 2.08 M

Design Costs: \$ 330,000

Other Costs: \$ 700,000

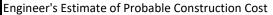
Project Total: \$ 3.11 M





Project: WC-05 Kennemer Dr

Stream: Wilbarger Creek Trib 200

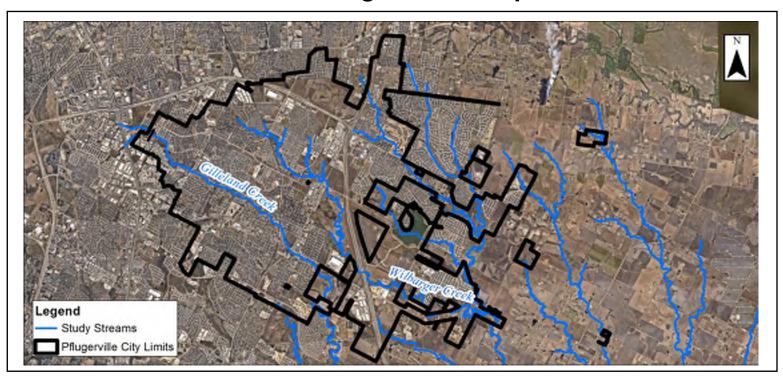


Date: May 24, 2022



PAY ITEM NO	DESCRIPTION	UNITS	UNIT PRICE	QTY	TOTALS		
1	PREPARING ROW	LS	\$15,000	1	\$15,000		
2	REMOVING CONC (CURB AND GUTTER)	LF	\$10	465	\$4,650		
3	EMBANKMENT	CY	\$40	406	\$16,240		
4	CUT & RESTORING PAVEMENT (base and HMAC)		\$130	1,524	\$198,120		
5	BRIDGE SF \$150		\$150	8,850	\$1,327,500		
6	METAL BEAM GUARD FENCE LF \$25		\$25	382	\$9,550		
7	REMOV STR (HEADWALL) EA \$2,500		\$2,500	2	\$5,000		
8	REMOV STR (PIPE)	LF	\$20	588	\$11,760		
9	CONC CURB & GUTTER (TY II)	LF	\$30	465	\$13,950		
10	CONC SIDEWALKS (4")	SY	\$55	233	\$12,815		
11	TRAFFIC CONTROL (1%)	LS	\$16,100	1	\$16,100		
12	EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (10%)	LS	\$161,500	1	\$161,500		
13	MOBILIZATION (10%)	LS	\$161,500	1	\$161,500		
14	UTILITY RELOCATION (10%)	LS	\$161,500	1	\$161,500		
			PRO	OJECT SUBTOTAL	\$2,115,200		
			309	% CONTINGENCY	\$634,600		
				BASE TOTAL	\$2,749,800		
			Environmenta	l Permitting (3%)	\$27,500		
	Engineering Design (15%)						
				PROJECT TOTAL	\$3.107.300		

Pf-O1 Drainage Criteria Update



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

City of Pflugerville will work with an engineering consultant to update the City's drainage criteria manual. The goal of the updated drainage criteria manual is to meet current drainage standard practices to mitigate future drainage issues and adapt the criteria for increased growing development occurring within the City of Pflugerville.

BENEFITS

- Update criteria for increasing residential and commercial land uses
- Mitigate potential new drainage issues

CHALLENGES

 Criteria must comply with current city ordinances and master plans

QUICK PFACTS:

Drainage criteria update to current standards

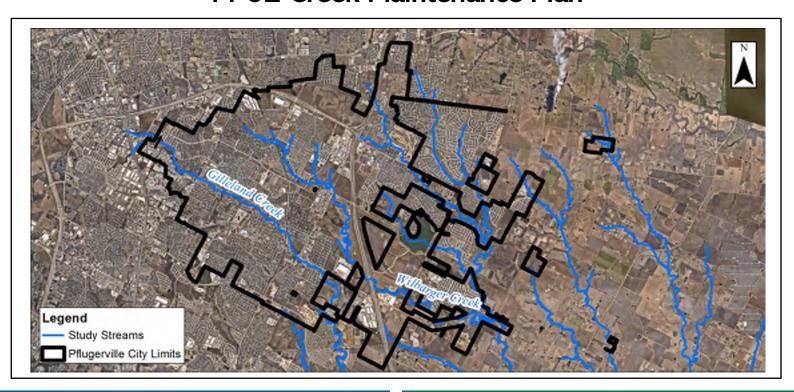
Mitigate future drainage issues

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Engineer Fee: \$30,000



Pf-02 Creek Maintenance Plan



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Work with engineering consultant to develop a citywide creek maintenance plan. The creek maintenance plan will identify creeks in need of maintenance to reduce flooding and propose mitigation strategies to improve the creek conveyance and stability.

An effective creek maintenance plan will improve creek conveyance to reduce flooding.

BENEFITS

- Debris removal to increase channel conveyance
- Reduction of flooding

CHALLENGES

- Large amount of creeks and streams that will need analyzing
- May need additional city crews and equipment

QUICK PFACTS:

- Identify creek maintenance needs
- () Identify crew and equipment needs
- Increase channel conveyance

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Engineer Fee: \$ 15,000



Pf-O3 Storm Drain CCTV Evaluation



PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

City will work with an engineering consultant to assess the condition of existing storm drain infrastructure within the downtown business district utilizing CCTV inspection. Inspection will analyze approximately 11,000 feet of storm drain infrastructure.

Once the analysis is complete, the design consultant will work with the city to create a storm drain maintenance plan.

BENEFITS

- Diagnose storm drain infrastructure in need of repair
- Develop storm drain maintenance plan based off CCTV footage

CHALLENGES

- Identifying storm drain infrastructure to analyze
- ◆ 11,000 total feet of storm drain to be analyzed

QUICK PFACTS:



11,000 LF CCTV inspection



Evaluate storm drain infrastructure



Develop storm drain maintenance plan

PROJECT COST ESTIMATE (2021):

Engineering Fee:

\$ 330,000



Appendix CDrainage CIP Project Ranking





	City of Pflugerville - Drainage Project Ranking Criteria					GC-01 Caldwell Elem.		GC-02 N. Heatherwilde		GC-03 Swenson Farms Blvd.		-04 ad Ave.	
Category	Category Weight	Sub Category Weight	Sub Category	Scoring	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	
		15	Road Flooding and Mobility (Pre-Project Conditions)	 Isolated Local Roadway Flooding Collector Roadway Flooding Moving water is likely to wash car off road (consider velocity and depth) 	2	10.0	2	10.0	2	10.0	3	15.0	
Public Safety	40	15	Number of Structures within 100-yr (1% ACE) footprint (Pre-Project Condition)	1: 0-4 flooded 2: 5-10 flooded 3: 10+ flooded or critical facility effected	3	15.0	2	10.0	2	10.0	2	10.0	
			10	Level of Service (Post-Project Protection)	1: ≤ 25-yr (4% ACE) 2: 25-yr (4% ACE) - 100-yr (1% ACE) 3: ≥ 100-yr (1% ACE)	3	10.0	3	10.0	3	10.0	2	6.7
Economic	30	20	Project Cost	1: ≥ 5 Million 2: \$2 - 5 Million 3: ≤ \$2 Million	2	13.3	1	6.7	2	13.3	1	6.7	
ECONOMIC	30	10	Operation & Maintenance Schedule	 Monthly maintenance Bi-Annual maintenance Annual + maintenance 	2	6.7	3	10.0	2	6.7	2	6.7	
		6	Ease of Permitting	 Multi-jurisdiction more permits Local permit with variances/Nationwide Limited local permits 	2	4.0	2	4.0	2	4.0	2	4.0	
Project Timing	20	7	Time for Implementation or Construction	1: ≥ 2 Years 2: 1 - 2 Years 3: 0 - 1 Years	2	4.7	2	4.7	2	4.7	2	4.7	
		7	Land and Easement Acquisition	 Condemnation required Purchase necessary No additional acquisition required 	2	4.7	2	4.7	2	4.7	2	4.7	
Social	10	5	Element of Comprehensive Plan (Parks, Transportation, Planning, etc.)	 No elements in other plans Related to elements in other plans Multiple elements other plan 	2	3.3	1	1.7	2	3.3	2	3.3	
Jocial	10	5	Beneficial Neighborhood Impacts	 Negative Neighborrhood Impact No Neighborhood Impact Positive Neighborhood Impact 	2	3.3	3	5.0	2	3.3	3	5.0	
						75.0		66.7		70.0		66.7	

	C	ity of Pf	lugerville - Drainage Project	Ranking Criteria	Immanue	GC-05 Immanuel Rd/Pecan Park		GC-06 Pfennig Ln/Pecan St. Intersection		WC-01 Weiss Ln		C-02 Lake Dr
Category	Category Weight	Sub Category Weight	Sub Category	Scoring	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score
		15	Road Flooding and Mobility (Pre-Project Conditions)	 Isolated Local Roadway Flooding Collector Roadway Flooding Moving water is likely to wash car off road (consider velocity and depth) 	3	15.0	1	5.0	2	10.0	3	15.0
Public Safety	40	15	Number of Structures within 100-yr (1% ACE) footprint (Pre-Project Condition)	1: 0-4 flooded 2: 5-10 flooded 3: 10+ flooded or critical facility effected	3	15.0	1	5.0	1	5.0	1	5.0
		10	Level of Service (Post-Project Protection)	1: ≤ 25-yr (4% ACE) 2: 25-yr (4% ACE) - 100-yr (1% ACE) 3: ≥ 100-yr (1% ACE)	3	10.0	3	10.0	3	10.0	3	10.0
Economic	30	20	Project Cost	1: ≥ 5 Million 2: \$2 - 5 Million 3: ≤ \$2 Million	2	13.3	3	20.0	3	20.0	2	13.3
ECOHOMIC	30	10	Operation & Maintenance Schedule	 Monthly maintenance Bi-Annual maintenance Annual + maintenance 	3	10.0	2	6.7	3	10.0	3	10.0
		6	Ease of Permitting	 Multi-jurisdiction more permits Local permit with variances/Nationwide Limited local permits 	2	4.0	3	6.0	2	4.0	2	4.0
Project Timing	20	7	Time for Implementation or Construction	1: ≥ 2 Years 2: 1 - 2 Years 3: 0 - 1 Years	2	4.7	3	7.0	2	4.7	2	4.7
		7	Land and Easement Acquisition	 Condemnation required Purchase necessary No additional acquisition required 	2	4.7	3	7.0	2	4.7	3	7.0
Social	10	5	Element of Comprehensive Plan (Parks, Transportation, Planning, etc.)	 No elements in other plans Related to elements in other plans Multiple elements other plan 	1	1.7	1	1.7	2	3.3	1	1.7
JUCIAI	10	5	Beneficial Neighborhood Impacts	 Negative Neighborrhood Impact No Neighborhood Impact Positive Neighborhood Impact 	2	3.3	3	5.0	3	5.0	2	3.3
						81.7		73.3		76.7		74.0

	Ci	ity of Pf	lugerville - Drainage Project	Ranking Criteria	Vilamou	WC-03 Vilamoura St/Kelly Ln.		WC-04 FM 685/East Pflugerville Pkwy		C-05 emer Dr
Category	Category Weight	Sub Category Weight	Sub Category	Scoring	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score	Project Specific Score	Project Weighted Score
		15	Road Flooding and Mobility (Pre-Project Conditions)	 Isolated Local Roadway Flooding Collector Roadway Flooding Moving water is likely to wash car off road (consider velocity and depth) 	3	15.0	2	10.0	1	5.0
Public Safety	40	15	Number of Structures within 100-yr (1% ACE) footprint (Pre-Project Condition)	1: 0-4 flooded 2: 5-10 flooded 3: 10+ flooded or critical facility effected	2	10.0	1	5.0	1	5.0
		10	Level of Service (Post-Project Protection)	1: ≤ 25-yr (4% ACE) 2: 25-yr (4% ACE) - 100-yr (1% ACE) 3: ≥ 100-yr (1% ACE)	3	10.0	3	10.0	1	3.3
Economic	30	20	Project Cost	1: ≥ 5 Million 2: \$2 - 5 Million 3: ≤ \$2 Million	1	6.7	1	6.7	2	13.3
Leonomic	30	10	Operation & Maintenance Schedule	 Monthly maintenance Bi-Annual maintenance Annual + maintenance 	3	10.0	2	6.7	2	6.7
		6	Ease of Permitting	 Multi-jurisdiction more permits Local permit with variances/Nationwide Limited local permits 	2	4.0	1	2.0	3	6.0
Project Timing	20	7	Time for Implementation or Construction	1: ≥ 2 Years 2: 1 - 2 Years 3: 0 - 1 Years	1	2.3	2	4.7	2	4.7
		7	Land and Easement Acquisition	 Condemnation required Purchase necessary No additional acquisition required 	2	4.7	2	4.7	3	7.0
Social	10	5	Element of Comprehensive Plan (Parks, Transportation, Planning, etc.)	 No elements in other plans Related to elements in other plans Multiple elements other plan 	2	3.3	2	3.3	2	3.3
Social	10	5	Beneficial Neighborhood Impacts	 Negative Neighborrhood Impact No Neighborhood Impact Positive Neighborhood Impact 	3	5.0	2	3.3	3	5.0
						71.0		56.3		59.3

Appendix DDrainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study







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In support of Halff Associates, Inc. City of Pflugerville, TX Drainage Master Plan

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August 4, 2022

Patricia A. Davis, M.S.C.E., P.E. City Engineer City of Pflugerville 15500 Sun Light Near Way, #B, Bldg 6 PO Box 589 Pflugerville, Texas 78691

Subject: Drainage Utility Fee Feasibility Study - Report

Dear Ms. Davis:

In conjunction with the Drainage Master Plan being conducted by Halff Associates, Inc. (Halff), the City of Pflugerville, TX (City) engaged NewGen Strategies & Solutions, LLC (Project Team) to prepare a financial plan specific to the City's cost of service associated with the provision of Stormwater service (Stormwater or Drainage) and to develop projected rates for the Drainage Utility specific to Fiscal Years (FY) 2023 through FY 2027. This report describes the analysis performed by the Project Team and makes recommendations with respect to prospective rates to be considered to charge to the City's Stormwater customers.

Drainage as a Utility

Establishing a Drainage or Stormwater Utility is a viable strategy for local governments to respond to the challenge of generating reliable revenue to support stormwater management activities. Setting up a drainage utility allows a community to establish a user fee based on the demands property owners place on the drainage system. It subsequently provides a dedicated revenue stream for stormwater programs.

There are several benefits to a local government of a dedicated drainage utility fee. These are visualized in Figure 1 on the next page, but the most commonly cited are described below.

- Revenue A dedicated fee generates a stable source of revenue to fund stormwater BMPs.
- **Structure** A distinct utility creates an organized entity to solve the problems regarding stormwater management including aging infrastructure, development, and legal challenges.
- **Environment** Increased focus on stormwater issues such as erosion, flooding, preservation of source water and water quality can encourage environmental initiatives.
- Regulation A dedicated Drainage Utility can focus on meeting the requirements of TPDES permits and other regulatory mandates.

Most importantly, a stormwater utility provides the means of collecting the revenue required to construct and maintain large stormwater capital improvements needed to help protect City businesses and residents from the effects of flooding.

Protection from Gain funding stormwater runoff's through user fees adverse effects Establish Provide emergency drainage POTENTIAL preparedness service **BENEFITS OF ESTABLISHING A** Add, Preserve maintain, and rehabilitate source water, DRAINAGE UTILITY and water infrastructure quality Meet regulatory Preserve private and public requirements properties

Figure 1: Benefits of a Drainage Utility

There are several funding mechanisms that may be used to generate revenue for the operation of a stormwater utility. Examples are ad valorem taxes, rates based on lot size, and fees based on impervious area. Each funding mechanism has benefits and disadvantages. When deciding the funding mechanism of a stormwater utility a balance must be made between the administrative simplicity and understandability of the fee and the detail and equity by which it allocates costs to customers.

In all cases, assumptions and allocations must be made due to the impracticality of measuring the actual runoff contribution of each customer parcel within a stormwater system. In general, impervious area is considered the most equitable funding mechanism for a stormwater utility because it most accurately reflects the stormwater contribution of each customer's parcel to the system.

Financial Plan Development

To develop the forecasted costs and revenues for the City's potential Drainage Utility, NewGen coordinated city staff, as well as with Halff Associates. The forecasts contained herein estimates based on the latest available data and may change materially with changes in assumptions and the timing at which decisions are made to implement key policies. As the City makes decisions on the path forward, NewGen recommends updating the forecast with the latest available data.

The Project Team met with City staff multiple times to consider the City's existing activities as well as any potential new activities/services. In development of the financial plan, the Project Team included costs as

Ms. Patricia Davis August 4, 2022 Page 3

applicable and allowed under Section 522.044 of the Texas Local Government Code. Such costs may include the following:

- Cost of land acquisition;
- Capital cost of stormwater management facilities;
- Professional services fees including, but not limited to, architectural, engineering, planning, financial, and/or legal services;
- Operations & maintenance (O&M) and major repair and replacement expenses associated with stormwater facilities;
- Cost of rolling stock and other machinery and equipment;
- Interest and issuance costs associated with financing;
- Amortization of non-recurring costs (i.e., start-up costs, etc.);
- Direct and indirect administrative cost including, but not limited to, support services costs (i.e., utility billing, etc.); and;
- Any anticipated revenues from any ancillary funding mechanisms (i.e. revenue offsets).

The expenditures and estimated applicable revenues projected for FY 2023 and into the future based on the City's projected CIP and projected O&M costs, estimated annual inflation, and estimated customer growth are summarized in the remainder of this report.

Revenue Requirement

To develop the Test Year FY 2023 Revenue Requirement (i.e., the first year for which rates are developed), NewGen held discussions with City staff to determine the planned services and associated costs initially for this new utility. NewGen was able to meet with the City's Finance Director, Public Works Operations Director as well as the City Engineer to gather cost details. This first year was set transitioning a number of programs from the Public Works Department and included several new programs. These and other future year additions were forecasted through FY 2027 as shown below.

Personnel

Three total employees are included in revenue requirement. To reflect needed personnel specific to the management of stormwater within the City, NewGen worked with City staff to personnel needs beginning in FY 2023 as listed in Table 1-1 below.

Table 1-1: Estimated Personnel Need

Position Description	Estimated Costs	First Year Funded
2 Maintenance Technicians - Wages	\$ 114,000	2023
2 Maintenance Technicians – Benefits	\$ 51,300	2023
Technical Review Engineer - Wages	\$ 75,000	2023
Technical Review Engineer - Benefits	\$ 30,000	2023
New Maintenance Technician - Wages	\$ 60,471	2025
New Maintenance Technicians – Benefits	\$ 27,212	2025

Annual wages estimated for the Maintenance Technicians were provided by the Finance Department. Benefits were estimated at 45% of salaries or wages.

Operational Expenses

In addition to staffing, other operational expenses were identified. This includes general supplies, informs, personal protective equipment, transfers to Utility Billing (UB) and General Fund (GF) for services and facilities benefiting the utility, along with various contractual services. Table 1-2 below reflects these needs and outlines a few specific funding requests.

Table 1-2: Estimated Non-Personnel Operational Expenses

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Position Description	Estimated Costs	First Year Funded				
Crew Truck (Current Lease)	\$ 12,614	2023				
New Crew Truck	\$ 13,449	2025				
Contract Street Sweeping	\$ 160,000	2023				
Contract Mowing	\$ 60,000	2023				
Indirect Cost Allocations	\$ 30,000	2023				
Transfers (Payments to UB and GF)	\$ 208,643	2023				
General Operation Expenses	\$ 156,200	2023				

Given the assumptions outlined above, NewGen estimates that the City will need to generate \$658,328 through stormwater fees in FY 2023 to cover personnel and other operational expenses.

Capital Projects

The Drainage-related CIP has been outlined in great detail in the Drainage Master Plan Document. The total listing of projects is over \$80M. Given that the Drainage Utility will be new and other operational expense demands, it is not currently assumed the Drainage Utility will undertake all the CIP projects provided in the Masterplan within the five-year financial forecast period. The ultimate rate to charge, if any, will be determined by the City Council. Based on the fee set, some expenses and projects may be delayed beyond FY 2027. Figure 1 below outlines a funding scenario for various CIP projects that could be funded over the next five years at possible Drainage Fee amounts. For example, if a \$9 or higher fee is set, the City could undertake the eleven projects with a red check mark under \$9 fee. This is in stark contrast to the listing of five projects under the blue \$3 fee column.

If the desire is to get each of the projects listed underway, NewGen estimates a \$12 fee should cover the related expenses. This estimate is provided but warrants additional review in subsequent years given the

rapidly increasing interest rate environment at the time of this review. Alternately, if market conditions make the cost of borrowing higher than expected or desirable for the City, the City may choose to complete these over a longer timeframe such as 15-20 years.

Drainage CIP Project List \$9 FEE S6 FEE \$3 Fee Funding \$7 Funding \$4 Funding 51 Ranking Estimated Ranking **Project Name** for Capital for Capital for Capital Value **Project Cost** Immanuel Rd/Pecan Park at Gilleland Creek 81.7 \$4.86M п 2 Weiss Ln at Gilleland Creek 76.7 \$1.63M 75.0 Caldwell Elem. at Gilleland Creek \$9.68M 4 Hidden Lake Dr at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200 74.0 \$4.03M 73.3 Pfenning Ln/Pecan St Intersection \$372K Previously Funded 6 Villamoura St/Kelly Ln at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200 71.0 \$12.4M Swenson Farms Blvd at Gilleland Creek 70.0 \$5.22M N. Heatherwilde at Gilleland Creek 66.7 \$8.49M 66.7 9 Railroad Ave. at Gilleland Creek \$16.84M 59.3 Kennemer Dr at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200 \$3.11M 11 FM 685/E. Pflugerville Pkwy at Wilbarger Creek Trib 200 56.3 \$15.94M

Figure 2: CIP Project Listing by Funding Option

Funding 57 Funding	S6 FEE	/ DOMESTIC OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1	Operation & Maintenance Project List				
	Funding \$4 for Capital		Project ID	Project Name	Ranking Value	Estimated Project Cost	
~	~	~	Pf-01	Drainage Criteria Update	NA.	\$30K	
~	~	~	Pf-02	Creek Maintenance Plan	NA.	\$15K	
1	1	1	Pf-03	Stormdrain CCTV Evaluation	NA.	\$330K	

Inflation Assumptions in the Five-Year Financial Plan

The development of the five-year financial plan utilized FY 2023 as the base year for revenue requirement projections through FY 2027. Inflation factors were estimated and applied to the Test Year data. These factors are discussed in more detail below. It is worth noting that at the time of this Study and report, the United States has been recording record inflation figures relative to the last few decades. That said, the estimates derived in conversation and through City staff input are already informed with those adjustments. Therefore, the inflation adjustments scheduled for FY 2024-2027 rely heavily on the twenty-year historical averages.

- General A general inflation factor of 3.26% was applied to all line-items not discussed specifically below per the 20 Year Average Municipal Cost Index developed by American City and County as of June 2022.
- Personnel An inflation factor of 3.00% was applied to all salaries and wages, while a 7.50% factor is applied to benefit costs, based on conversations with City staff.
- Construction Cost Index (CCI) 20 Year Average Engineering News Record CCI of 3.30 as of June 2022.
- Growth Growth was assumed to be 640 Residential Accounts per year, similar to the Water and Wastewater Rate Study.

Drainage Utility Fee Basis and Billing Units

The Project Team developed rate scenarios for stormwater based on Equivalent Residency Units (ERU). The Project Team relied on Halff Associates GIS analysis to calculate ERUs per customer based on impervious square footage. This impervious cover was determined for every parcel in the City. Then Single Family (State Code A1) parcels were averaged to determine Pflugerville's ERU value as 3,650 sq ft.

From the same impervious surface analysis, Halff was able to determine that Non-Residential Parcels in Pflugerville contain just over 93.4M sq ft of impervious area. To set the total paid by non-residential parcels equitably, we determine each parcels relative number of ERUs. Dividing this total by the ERU value determined as 3,650 results in 25,593 Non-Residential ERUs. This calculated value plus the Residential count of 18,753 makes the total monthly billable ERUs approximately 44,346.

Since neither the Project Team nor the City have yet to complete the Utility Billing matching effort it is assumed some of the values may not ultimately get assigned to an account or billed. NewGen makes a 7% adjustment reducing the total billing units to account for this uncertainty. Additionally, since this is billed normally on water bills, which are occasionally inactive and unbilled, NewGen has made a second adjustment of 3% for non-billed and nonpayment potential. These adjustments reduce the monthly billable revenue projection to \$39,912 per \$1 charged to each ERU.

Table 1-3 below reflects the expected billable ERUs less the adjustments mentioned, plus growth to derive annual revenues for several fee levels. Notably, FY 2023 only assumes six months of billed revenue to allow for City implementation of the fee and updates in the Utility Billing system.

Table 1-3: Calculated Drainage Utility Fee per ERU

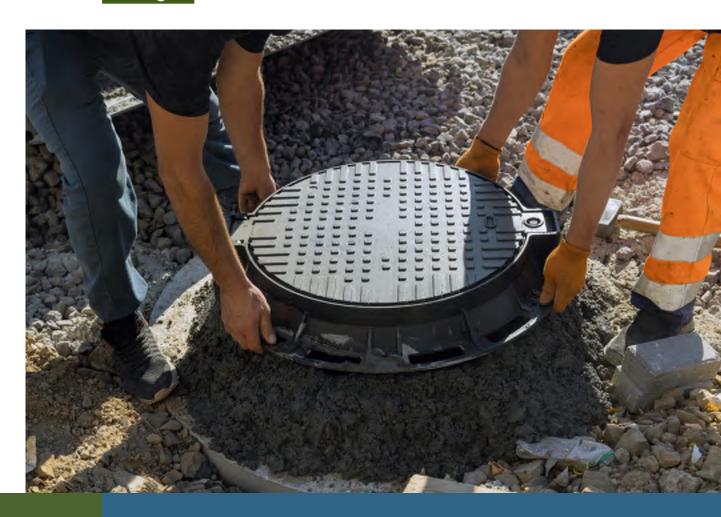
idaio i di daldalatoa Biantago danty i do poi Eito								
	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027			
Annual ERU Assumption	239,470	486,621	494,301	501,981	509,661			
\$ 1 / ERU Annual Revenue	\$ 239,470	\$ 486,621	\$ 494,301	\$ 501,981	\$ 509,661			
\$ 3 / ERU Annual Revenue	\$ 718,411	\$ 1,459,863	\$ 1,482,903	\$ 1,505,943	\$ 1,528,983			
\$ 6 / ERU Annual Revenue	\$ 1,436,823	\$ 2,919,725	\$ 2,965,805	\$ 3,011,885	\$ 3,057,965			
\$ 9 / ERU Annual Revenue	\$ 2,155,234	\$ 4,379,588	\$ 4,448,708	\$ 4,517,828	\$ 4,586,948			
\$12 / ERU Annual Revenue	\$ 2,873,645	\$ 5,839,451	\$ 5,931,611	\$ 6,023,771	\$ 6,688,292			

It is worth noting here that NewGen has made no assumptions for discretionary exemptions. The City has some discretion in exempting or partially exempting the fee to a number of customer classes per the statute. Should the City choose to exempt any eligible property owners, the revenue potential for the utility will decrease equal to the ERUs exempted.

Feasibility Study Rate Recommendations

Given the results of operational revenue requirements, substantial capital needs, and feedback from the City Council about the criticality of the projects, NewGen recommends the City consider a fee of no less than \$9 per ERU to help meet its five-year operational and capital objectives for the Drainage Utility.

NewGen Strategies & Solutions



THANK YOU!



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