

Public Hearing and Resolution Item 5A: RES-0721 Lakeside Meadows Public Improvement District Creation



Lakeside Meadows







Lakeside Meadows Public Improvement District (PID)

The purpose of a Public Improvement District (PID) is to create a funding source for a defined geographic area in support of identified improvements.

Lakeside Meadows PID Improvements:

Major Infrastructure (Design and Construction):

- Collector Roadways (Spine Roadways within the development)
- Wastewater Improvements (Continuance of the wastewater infrastructure from Carmel)
- Parks and Trails Improvements
- Regional Detention

Estimated cost = Approx. \$20,000,000 Reimbursement PID — Developer Pays upfront construction costs and is reimbursed once improvements are completed.







Big Picture Considerations



- •PIDs are <u>NOT</u> separate political subdivisions. The City Council is the de facto board.
- •Allows Cities to extend public infrastructure without burdening rate payers and tax payers.
- •Highly lucrative economic development tool can be useful when negotiating with developers (annexation, oversizing, amenities, etc.).
- •Grows the City's tax base without obligating City revenues (TIRZ, 380 Agreements, etc.).
- •PIDs can be used to forward the City's Comprehensive Plan, Thoroughfare Plan and Parks Plan





Why utilize a PID?

- •Use PIDs as an economic development incentive tool to promote annexation
- •Incentivizes amenities provided by the developer but for the creation of the PID
 - Superior plan, design, architecture and building materials that exceed subdivision building standards
 - Lot and residential unit size that align with the City's goal for economic growth
 - Private amenities tailored to the community
 - Pools
 - Playgrounds
 - Fitness Centers
 - Enhanced Trails



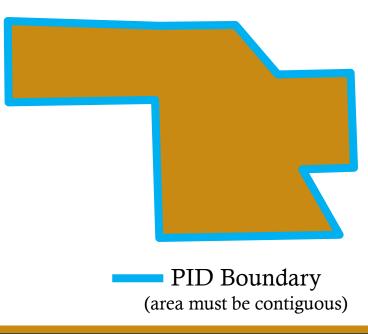
- Accelerate construction of improvements described in City's Comprehensive Plan, Thoroughfare Plan and Parks Plan
- •City can require cash contribution from developer (non PID funds) to fund City projects





How Does a PID Work?

- •PID is formed over a defined area in the corporate limits of the City or the City's ETJ
- •Assessments are levied on property within the PID based on the benefit received from PID improvements
- Assessments can be paid in full or paid in annual installments
- •The assessments are a lien that run with the land
- The Assessments are used to pay
 - Debt service on tax exempt bonds issued to fund PID improvements, or
 - Reimbursement agreement with developer, including interest
- •Administrative expenses are included in the annual installment







How Is a PID Created?

- •PID Petition submitted by developer
- Professional Services Agreement executed and developer funds deposited with City
- Public hearing on advisability of creating PID
- •PID creation resolution approved by City Council
- •Preparation of Service and Assessment Plan, PID Finance Agreement, Landowner Agreement, and bond documents (if bonds are contemplated)
- •Public hearing on levy of assessment
- *Assessment Ordinance, Service and Assessment Plan, PID Finance Agreement, Landowner Agreement, and bond documents approved by City Council
- Typically a 6 month process







Types of PIDs

- Pay-As-You-Go: allows future long-term reimbursements from assessments to developer
 - Interest rates predetermined; 2-5% above bond index
- Reimbursement Bonds: allows reimbursement soon after infrastructure is installed
 - Appraisal to establish market value
 - Contracts with 3rd party builders
 - Less perceived market risk = lower interest rates = lower annual installments to homeowners
 - Interest rates lower since infrastructure construction is complete and homes beginning construction
 - The further the project is in the development cycle the less perceived risk
- Construction Bonds: up front funds to construct infrastructure
 - Appraisal to establish market value
 - Contracts with 3rd party builders
 - More perceived market risk as land is undeveloped = higher interest rates
 - Generally one owner; single assessment payer







Developer Benefit

Pay-As-You-Go

- Developer funds all infrastructure
- Developer receives annual installments for life of PID
- Developer may sell/assign revenue stream to 3rd party

Reimbursement Bonds

- Developer funds all infrastructure
- Developer receives reimbursement shortly after completion of infrastructure
- Developer passes obligation to repay bonds to homebuilders/homeowners

Construction Bonds

- Bond proceeds are used to construct infrastructure
- Off balance sheet financing
- Developer passes obligation to repay bonds to homebuilders/homeowners

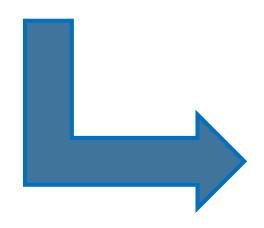






City Obligations for PIDs

- Inspect public improvements
- Hire and oversee PID Administrator



Blue bullet denotes activities for all PIDs

Gold bullets denote activities for bonded PIDs

CITY IN CONJUNCTION WITH PID ADMINISTRATOR

- Review request for draws by developer
 - Verify infrastructure costs against SAP
 - Certify compliance with the terms of the certificate of payment prior to the release of bond proceeds
 - Verify appropriate release of lien and all bill paid affidavit prior to release of payments to developer
- Maintain database of all property within PID, update assessment roll, allocate assessments upon subdivision, track payment history
- Send assessment roll to County for collection with property taxes
- Prepare delinquency reports
- Account for dollars withdrawn from trust estate against approved draws/debt service payments (account reconciliation)
- Review developer quarter disclosure to ensure accuracy with construction and ownership/platting status
- File annual continue disclosure reports as issuer/obligated party
- Pursue and enforce collection of delinquencies (via County contract)
- Prepare and adopt annual SAP Update





Financial Implications for the City

PID DEBT

- •PID debt is non-recourse to the City
 - Bonds or Reimbursement Agreements are backed only by the assessments on the property within the PID
- •Issuance of PID debt by the City does not reduce the City's bonding capacity
- City keeps all of its ad valorem and sales tax revenues
- Counts against Bank Qualified Debt limit

PID CREATION AND ADMINISTRATION

- •All City costs incurred as a result of creating the PID should be paid by the developer via a cash escrow deposit with the City
- Administration is typically contracted to a third party, overseen by the City and paid for by PID assessments





Weighing PID Benefits/Challenges

BENEFITS

- Annexation
- Increased/accelerated tax base
- Enhanced projects and amenities
- Advancing City master plans
- Cash contribution to City



POTENTIAL CHALLENGES

- Public perception
- Headline risk
- Market (Bonds)
- Administrative burden
- Covenant to foreclose



Lakeside Meadows Public Improvement District (PID)

Staff recommends approval of the Lakeside Meadows Public Improvement

District.

